

GOOD THINGS FROM  
DUCHESS OF BEDFORDExpedition Reached Point Hope in July—Nearing  
Winter Quarters at Minto Inlet, Prince  
Albert Land.

Capt. Otto Buckholz, of this city, has received letters from Captain Einar Mikkelsen and Ed. K. Leffingwell, of the Arctic expedition, which left Victoria early in May on a cruise in search of scientific information as well as, also, in quest of an unknown land supposed to exist to the westward of Banks Island.

The letters are of the most pleasing character, for they indicate that the expedition has made much better headway than had been anticipated. In short had reached Point Hope within a few weeks' sail of where the party's schooner, the Duchess of Bedford, will spend the winter.

Captain Buckholz says that it had not been expected that the schooner would reach this point before August 15th. That they have done so suggests that the passage to date north has been very successful. Between Point Hope and Minto Inlet, Prince Albert Land, the present destination of the party there, is a stretch of open water less than a thousand miles, which the schooner can easily travel within two weeks, and she had, when the letters were written, two months of good weather in which to make the voyage.

The letters also point to another interesting fact, namely, that the Duchess of Bedford after landing the members of the party on Banks Island will not return to Victoria next year, but will be kept by the explorers for a temporary home, the party preferring her to establishing camps ashore, as had been originally intended.

If in 1908 the Duchess of Bedford does not return, Captain Buckholz has instructions to start a relief expedition. In that unfortunate and wholly unexpected event, the captain will construct a vessel and proceed with all possible dispatch in search of the missing ones. Disaster has often overtaken Arctic expeditions, because, says he, "if a relief ship had been sent out in good time in quest of Franklin, that explorer might have been saved."

Experience has now shown that the Duchess of Bedford, which was formerly the schooner Beatrice, is a splendid craft for her present purpose. Despite the pessimistic opinions of local wisacres, she is staunch and of the right size to navigate the shallow waters which skirt the great ice packs of the far Arctic region. Of this fact and the ship-shape manner in which she was prepared for sea by Capt. Buckholz, the letters bear strong evidence.

Capt. Buckholz possesses a great deal of knowledge about the Arctic. He was the first navigator to reach Nome some years ago in a race to make that port with the breaking of the ice in Behring Sea. In early spring, and he is the man upon whom the members of the Bedford party now pin their faith. If by any ill-luck the schooner were to be wrecked, he would be the first to start a rescue party.

On the 5th we drifted through the Behring Straits, while here to in a southern gale and fog for the first time. We got into 10 fathoms without the captain knowing. We only found it out when he went on deck. Noticing the color of the water he asked, "We knew pretty well where we were, didn't we?" On the shoal which runs north from Cape Prince of Wales, the captain put about and had a man at the lead. We soon got 7 fathoms, and then 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, and we were out of danger. The only thing to do was to sail west. It shows what a good head Capt. Mikkelsen has to run her in that way in spite of the shoaling water.

The same gale put all the small boats on the beach at Nome. On the 10th we left for the north. For a couple of days we tried to beat back through the Straits against wind and current, and fog most of the time. We simply tacked between East Cape and Diomed Islands, hardly holding our own. Finally a fine north wind took us to Port Clarence. We found that we could get paid off there. There, also, money, so we cut out Nome.

Our ship is very satisfactory in every way. We have had three heavy gales at sea, and both in running before and with the wind. We have been in a watch can handle her in almost any weather. I have been able to correct our chronometers twice, at a great improvement. It gets more work done and keeps things ship-shape with less men. We shall teach him navigation during the winter. He already knows the principles of latitude. If we have a successful trip we certainly shall make Storkstrom's reputation for him. He deserves all that we can do in this line.

Writing to Captain Buckholz from Port Hope, under date of July 25th, Capt. Mikkelsen says:

Thanks for your letter, I got it just

before we left Port Clarence. We did not go to Nome, as we had permanent southerly winds, and did not like to take the risk of an open beach, but got out stuff sent up by steamer to Port Clarence, the most perfect harbor. I don't know whether Mr. Leffingwell has told you that we lost an anchor in Dutch harbor, but we had the hard luck. We came in with a strong northerly wind early in the morning. As we came into the harbor itself it got squally, and as we rounded up to anchor there came a gust of wind from the mountains, filled our sails and gave the ship headway again, but as we were in 7 feet of water there was nothing to do but to let go the anchor. The chain snapped and the ship went on shore. We got her off in the next high water, but although we hunted for our anchor for two days we could not find it. It was between the rubbish of the old wreck, you know there on the west side of the harbor. The lighthouse tender gave us a brand new chain, one inch in diameter, but it was too bad he could not give us an anchor. The revenue cutter gave us some rope and other things we wanted, so we are rather well fitted out now. I am so much obliged to you for the trouble you have taken in fitting out the ship—everything is in a most perfect shape, and I praise myself a lucky man for having met you, as I, of course, could not have got her in the shape that you are glad to see that you still are bent on going out for us, but don't go before spring, 1909, as we will probably keep the ship up there in two years. Mr. Leffingwell says that he has written to you about it, so I will not repeat it. In case you should go, then communicate with my family, Mr. Mikkelsen 13B, Copenhagen, Mr. Aksel Mikkelsen.

With my kindest regards to you and your wife.

EINAR MIKKELSEN.

Your letter of the first was received just as we left Port Clarence. It is very kind of you to feel so interested in looking us up in case of our getting frozen in. I have read carefully all your good wishes and shall keep your letter on file for future reference.

As it is more than likely we shall not send the ship back next year, so do not feel sorry that the ship falls to get home by the fall of 1908, then in the summer of 1909 someone had better look for us.

You may be sure that we shall erect prominent marks wherever we go. I have sent my father a map with our course and probable winter quarters on it, also, where we shall erect signals east of Pt. Barrow. I don't know what you will do with Wrangel Sound. The whalers say the ice is very heavy around there. In any case we shall not make for it unless the ice is so good that we can get in. We shall make for the coast before the ice breaks up.

Sundays seem to have had luck in them. On the 5th we drifted through the Behring Straits, while here to in a southern gale and fog for the first time. We got into 10 fathoms without the captain knowing. We only found it out when he went on deck. Noticing the color of the water he asked, "We knew pretty well where we were, didn't we?" On the shoal which runs north from Cape Prince of Wales, the captain put about and had a man at the lead. We soon got 7 fathoms, and then 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, and we were out of danger. The only thing to do was to sail west. It shows what a good head Capt. Mikkelsen has to run her in that way in spite of the shoaling water.

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Lawrence Island. Had to give up Indian Pt. on account of gale and fog. Are anchored in ice off Pt. Hope. Strong N. gale and few pieces of ice drifting out of Kotzebue Sound, but pack is probably not south of Icy Cape. Repulse ice as heavy at Pt. Barrow this year. Hope we can round it.

Thank you for all your good wishes and for putting our ship in such fine shape.

In addition to the above letters a note was forwarded by Dr. Howe which says: "Don't forget me. I think of you every time we have rough weather."

PREPARING POLICY.

New French Cabinet Busy Formulating Its Programme—Some of the Features.

(Associated Press.)

Paris, Oct. 24.—The Clemenceau cabinet has begun the formulation of its programme and the indications are that it will be very broad, and that possibly some surprises are in store. It well informed circles the impression prevails that the plans of the government include besides the complete carrying out of the law providing for the separation of church and state, legislation abolishing workmen pensions upon reaching a certain age, state purchase of the western and some of the southern railroads, and the creation of a state monopoly of petroleum and alcohol. The draft of the budget, as presented by the budget commission under the Sarrien ministry, which has been bitterly assailed, especially by M. Poincaré, the ex-foreign minister, as being properly balanced, will probably be revised.

SMALL ARMY OF  
JAPS CAPTURED

AS THEY DESCENDED  
UPON SIDNEY TOWN

Nearly All of the Foreign Refugees  
From Schooner Suina Maru Now  
In Custody.

(Associated Press.)

London, Oct. 24.—Twenty-six Japanese were brought into the city and lodged in the city lock-up. They were refugees from the Japanese schooner Suina Maru, which is now under seizure by the collector of customs. The rounding up of this body leaves very few of the immigrants now at large. If the total number on the schooner was what the officers stated it to be, namely 82.

Of this number 82 are now in custody so that only one remains at large. Dr. Watt, however, thinks there may have been a miscount on the part of the officers and in consequence there may yet be a few at large.

All have been taken to the quarantine station at Albert Head as they were captured yesterday afternoon.

It was only on Saturday night that the illegal landing of the Japs. at Beecher Bay was discovered by Dr. Watt. Since that time he has been busy, and his efforts have been attended with marked success. Aided by the provincial and city police and backed up by the collector of customs and the superintendent of immigration, the whole band of refugees with the exception of one or two are now in custody.

Dr. Watt has information which he thinks will result in apprehending one who is believed to be somewhere in the vicinity of Victoria, West.

Of those brought into the city early last evening all appear to have been soldiers. They are attired in blue or in khaki with brass buttons. None of them speak English. It would, therefore, appear that they are either deserters or ex-army men.

The circumstances connected with the arrest of these men were quite amusing. Sergeant Murray, of the provincial police received a message from Sydney yesterday afternoon announcing that an army of Japanese was marching down upon the quiet little town. His informant appeared to be very much excited and sought immediate action. Sergeant Murray, who had warned the provincial officers in the district to be on the look out for these refugees, at once concluded that the expected march of them to Sydney was being carried out. His instructions to his informant were to secure the men. To round up the invading army with the forces at hand in Sydney seemed too great a proposition for the one at the phone, having in mind the record of these little soldiers in the war with Russia. He declined to lead the attack upon the invaders, and Sgt. Murray then rang up Preventative Officer White at Sydney. The latter thought the undertaking rather a large one, but was advised to round them up, and put them on the train for Victoria.

This he did, and arrived last evening with the company of Japanese soldiers.

This morning they were taken by the Earl to quarantine.

Okawa, the Jap who is supposed to have planned the expedition, is still being held as a witness. The schooner still remains under seizure of Collector of Customs Newbury for violation of the customs law.

The captain and mate of the vessel attach the full responsibility to Okawa, who is described as the charterer of the craft.

Until all the refugees have been captured the quarantine and immigration authorities are delaying any action.

A representative of the Japanese consul in Vancouver is now in the city looking into the matter on behalf of that official.

Picked up a dozen good dogs at St.

MOANA ARRIVES  
FROM ANTIPODES

THE BIG LINER BACK  
AFTER LONG ABSENCE.

Many Improvements Have Been Made on  
the Steamer Since Last Visit to  
This Port.

(Associated Press.)

Yesterday afternoon the R. M. S. Moana of the Union Steamship Co. arrived from Sydney, Suva and Hongkong and, after landing passengers and mails, proceeded to Vancouver. The vessel has been absent from the trans-Pacific run for a long time, and many improvements have been made on her since her last appearance in this port.

The Moana was taken off the New Zealand and Australian route and docked at Port Chalmers, where she was thoroughly overhauled. Eight new corrugated furnaces were installed and extensive insulation work was done on the lower 'tween decks and number two hold to render her perfectly capable of carrying large cargoes of frozen meat. The lower hull was scraped and repainted, and the whole of the deck-fittings, winches, derricks and rigging were thoroughly overhauled and repairs, where necessary, effected. As a result the Moana now presents the appearance of a comparatively new ship.

Only one rough day was experienced during the trip, the steamer encountering a strong wind and very heavy seas on the voyage to Suva. The purser's report on the voyage is as follows: Left Sydney October 1st and Brisbane on the 2nd; cleared Cape Moncton October 4th and arrived at Suva on the 5th; sailed same date and arrived at Honolulu on the 16th; sailed same date. The steamer experienced moderate north-easterly winds with moderate seas and passing showers of rain. The weather was strong and fine weather to arrival at Suva; thence light to strong easterly wind with smooth sea and rain showers to arrival at Honolulu; thence strong S.E. wind and heavy sea to the 20th, when it increased to a moderate gale with high confused sea, and to the 21st; thence light north-easterly wind with smooth sea and rain to arrival.

The following freight was landed at the outer wharf, consigned to Victoria merchants: Seven hundred and fifty pieces of hardware, 12 barrels of coconut oil, and 16 bunches of bananas and 25 crates of pineapples for a Chinese firm in the city. The steamer was very light, only weighing 18 feet. Her general cargo included nearly 5,000 pounds of frozen mutton and smaller shipments of hides, wool, marmoset skins and timber.

There was a good complement of passengers; including 50 Japanese from Honolulu, who disembarked here. Among the saloon passengers were Dr. Robert B. Powell, son of Dr. Powell, of this city, who is a member of the civil service department in Fiji and has returned home to spend a holiday with his parents. Mr. Powell, for some time, has been private secretary to Sir Everard Ingham, governor and high commissioner for the Fiji Islands.

The Moana brought from the Antipodes the body of Robert Fairford, son of George Fairford, of Brockville, Ont. Mr. Fairford accompanied the remains and A. E. Starr, of the C. P. R. telegraphs, who was an old friend of the deceased, met the steamer here and proceeded to Vancouver. The deceased was a man of means having made a large fortune from the manufacture of popular patent medicines.

The Moana left at 5 o'clock for Vancouver. New Guinea is still suffering from drought. Natives are famine-stricken, and some have died from starvation. Last year the country was burnt up, and crops failed. This year has been almost rainless. There is but a little hope of rain till December. The islanders and scholars at the mission stations live on rice. Blackwater fever is increasing on the coast, and several deaths have occurred among the South Sea Island missionaries.

The federal elections in Australia will be held towards the end of November or in early December.

Shocks of earthquake occurred at Anetym, New Hebrides, on August 24th, and are said to be the severest experienced at that island.

R. M. S. Mahoe, from Victoria, arrived at Brisbane after a passage of 17 days.

The Sydney morning Herald says the referendum ballot papers for the proposed alterations in the Commonwealth Constitution will number 7,500,000. It is intended to have papers of different colors for each of the questions.

The questions relate to state debts, senate elections, and special duties for old-age pensions.

ST. ANDREW'S CONCERT.

First Entertainment for the Season Given by Society Last Evening.

Under the auspices of the St. Andrew's Society a Scotch concert was held last evening in the St. William Wallace hall. There was a large attendance, the hall being crowded. The programme provided for the first concert of the season to be given by this society was of such a character as to ensure a good patronage for the future entertainments. Many of the numbers were enjoyed. The complete programme as presented independent of the special songs, was as follows: Instrumental solo, Masses, Campbell and Omission; sample selection, Piper Rorie; song, P.

Gordon; step dancing, Miss Maggie Hill; recitation, Miss Leask; song, J. Taylor; step dancing, Master J. Thomson; song, P. Gordon; step dancing, Master H. Thomson; song, J. Taylor; piano solo, S. Talbot.

After the programme refreshments were served and a pleasant hour spent in an informal way. On the conclusion of the supper dancing followed, the music being furnished by Messrs. Talbot, Campbell and Omission.

The concert of the society will be continued during the winter months being given monthly.

STEAMER DESTROYED BY FIRE.

Flames Broke Out After Vessel Had Been in Collision with Unknown Schooner.

(Associated Press.)

New York, Oct. 24.—The small freight steamer Hastings, bound from New York to New Haven, was burned and sunk in Long Island Sound, off Stamford, Conn., this morning. Her crew of eleven got away in a lifeboat and were picked up and brought to New York on board the steamer Middletown. The Hastings is reported to have been loaded with steel.

About 4 o'clock this morning, when off Stamford, the Hastings collided with an unknown schooner, and owing to the tipping of the steamer a lantern was upset which set her on fire. When it became evident that the steamer could not be saved, the crew took to their boats.

The steamer Middletown, from Hartford, sighted the burning steamer and went to the rescue of the crew. Before the Middletown proceeded on her way her officers saw the Hastings sink.

The extent of the damage suffered by the schooner in the collision is unknown to the crew of the steamer, as she quickly disappeared in the darkness and the crew of the Hastings were too busy to give any attention to her.

DUMONT'S TRIP IN  
FLYING MACHINE

WINS PRIZE WORTH  
TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS

Airship Was Propelled by a Sixty Horse  
Power Motor—Travelled Over  
Fifty Miles.

(Associated Press.)

New York, Oct. 24.—The Herald prints the following special from Paris: "M. Santos Dumont won the cup yesterday on the field at Bagatelle with his Bird of Prey, a flying machine. Not only did he succeed in covering the race of 50 metres, but in the opinion of every competent witness summoned in council immediately after the flight, it was agreed that he came to the ground well over 50 metres from the point where he descended. His flight was free with sustained balance. There was no hesitation. The huge contrivance propelled by a 60-horse power motor for short four or five metres into the air and continued at this height until M. Santos Dumont cut off the power and allowed the screw to stop. Then the horizontal movement was replaced by an inclined movement and with a thrust which smashed the wheels and a portion of the lower frame as well as the rudder. The Bird of Prey came to a standstill. Amid a din of voices the committee strove to ascertain accurately the extent of the flight. Some declare it was a hundred metres and more that had been traversed, but the more calm were of a mind that about half that distance was the measure.

"M. Santos Dumont said: 'I really do not know why I did not go on. For an instant it seemed to me that the machine was making a sideways movement and I foolishly cut off the gas. This all arises from inexperience. After a few trials I am certain I shall be able to travel many kilometres. The sensation was delightful. When the wheels left the ground I felt just as though I were in a balloon propelled by some hidden force which I am absolutely confident I shall be able to fly about with comparative ease.'

The prize is worth \$10,000. It was promised to the first aerial appliance which, unsupported by gas, would make a circle of at least one kilometre without coming to the ground."

LIBERAL ELECTED  
IN QUEBEC COUNTY

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, Oct. 24.—Those who rejoiced over the result of yesterday's election in Quebec county will have to do so on grounds that Sir Wilfrid Laurier is "Too British for them."

Sir Charles Tupper was credited with being the author of this expression, but Henri Bourassa makes no secret of an appeal to French-Canadian electors that is on purely French grounds. That is supported by the fact that Mr. Robitaille, who was elected by about 200 majority, declared that he was as good a Liberal as Mr. Amyot, the government's choice, and would vote with the government, secured his election. Ever since the autonomy bills were up in the House, Mr. Bourassa has not ceased to retaliate by raising the race cry, which in the end cannot succeed even in Quebec. Those Conservatives who are rejecting over this means of political warfare should know that they are playing with dangerous weapons.

HON. W. PUGSLEY  
ON THE CONFERENCE

DELEGATES ANXIOUS  
TO BE JUST TO ALL  
TO PROVINCES.

Says There Was an Evident Desire to  
Reach Conclusions Satisfactory  
to Provinces.

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, Oct. 24.—Hon. Wm. Pugsley, attorney-general of New Brunswick, being interviewed on his return to St. John from the provincial conference, said the first thing which was very noticeable was the evident desire of all members to come to such conclusions as would be satisfactory and just to the provinces. It was a matter of regret that it was not possible to make a recommendation to the complete satisfaction of the Premier of British Columbia, but the conference felt that they could not advise a larger amount, although there were exceptional conditions attached to that province. They recognized the attitude of the Dominion government that the provinces would have to take the responsibility of any additional subsidies being given to any one province, because they had the assurance, and they were glad to get it, that the Dominion government considered that the provinces had a right to a voice in respect to the subsidies granted, and that no exceptional aid could be extended as an annual subsidy without the consent of all. A member of the federal government stated that the question of subsidies must not be looked at from the standpoint of a compact for the betterment of any one province in the Dominion, but with the idea that all the provinces constituted one family, and were all entitled to be consulted in regard to any financial arrangements which might be made.

SPANISH BUDGET.

Proposed Financial Reforms Includes  
Institution of Gold Standard.

(Associated Press.)

Madrid, Oct. 24.—The budget proposals of the government, which were read at the opening of parliament yesterday, involve sweeping financial reforms, including the institution of gold standard. The newspapers regard the legislative work ahead of parliament, especially the enactment of the law of associations and the suppression of the Octroi duties (the tolls upon all goods entering the cities and towns) as the most important undertakings for 1907, and as foreshadowing the moral and material regeneration of Spain.

BANK ROBBERS  
TAKEN AFTER FIGHT

FIVE MEN CAPTURED  
BY SHERIFF'S POSSE

One of the Bandits Wounded in Leg—  
Police Have Recovered Three  
Thousand Dollars.

(Associated Press.)

Minot, N. D., Oct. 24.—After a chase lasting 36 hours the sheriff's posse last night captured five bandits who robbed the Sawyer, N. D., bank early on Monday morning when a battle ensued with citizens during which 300 shots were fired, the robbers getting away with \$4,300.

The men were discovered on a farm near here. Escape was attempted and in a fight which followed, one robber was wounded in the leg. Another was shot and killed. The money and bills into a sloop with which the robbers were carrying the money in the water. Money was also scattered on the prairie by the bandits. Chief of Police Hagen recovered \$3,000 of the money.

Four of the captured men are young and well dressed, none being over 35 years of age. The money was being carried in bags and was composed of gold and bills, all the heavy silver having been thrown away.

BANK RETURNS WANTED.

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, Oct. 24.—J. M. Courtenay, deputy minister of finance, was subpoenaed this morning to produce the Ontario Bank returns from 1901 down to date, in court. An officer will be sent with the returns which are what is wanted.

BANK CLOSED.

(Associated Press.)

Washington, D. C., Oct. 24.—The Peoples' Saving Bank of this city, was closed to-day by order of the comptroller of the currency.

TRANSFERS HOLDINGS.

(Associated Press.)

San Francisco, Oct. 24.—The Standard Oil Co. of Ohio has transferred its holdings in California to the Standard Oil Co. of California. It is understood that the consideration amounted to several millions.

## PICKED UP AT SEA.

Survivor Told of Drowning of Number  
of Men Off Coast of Florida.

(Associated Press.)

New York, Oct. 23.—The solitary survivors of 38 men who went adrift on the barge or houseboat from the coast of Florida during the terrific gale of October 18th, was brought into this port to-day by the steamer El Paso. He is John Russell, of Salem, Taylor County, Florida, and he declared that he saw eight of the thirty-two others drowned, and believes that all of them went down when the barge foundered. Russell was adrift in a stormy sea for nearly two days and one night, clinging to bits of the barge which he gathered together to form into a raft.

TWENTY INCHES OF SNOW.

Storm at Denver, Heaviest Ever Recorded in October.

(Associated Press.)

Denver, Colo., Oct. 23.—The snowstorm which began last Friday night continues throughout eastern Colorado. Southern Wyoming, Northern New Mexico, Western Texas and Western Kansas and Nebraska. Clearing weather in this region is promised. The storm is said to be the heaviest ever recorded here in October. The total snowfall in Denver up to last night was 20 inches, and several inches have fallen since. According to stock men the cattle on the ranges will not suffer greatly, as they are in excellent condition, and the temperature is not low.

SUFFRAGISTS WILL  
GO TO PRISON

CREATED DISTURBANCE  
IN LONDON COURT

Were Ejected by Police But Continued  
Demonstration Outside and Were  
Re-Arrested.

(Associated Press.)

London, Oct. 24.—Ten women suffragists who were arrested yesterday for rioting within the precincts of the House of Commons, were arraigned in a police court to-day and were bound over to keep the peace for six months.

Such a commonplace outcome of the affair did not meet the



## LUNA SALTS

FOR THE LIVER AND KIDNEYS.

Have you that depressed feeling accompanied by a dull headache?

Take a dose of Luna Salts in the morning. It clears the brain and fits you for your day's work.

ANTURIC SALT, the great English Rheumatic Remedy, is now in stock.

Campbell's Prescription Store  
Corner Douglas and Fort Streets.Buy Your Winter  
Fuel Now  
COKE \$5 Per TON  
(DELIVERED.)

For a few days longer we make this offer.

VICTORIA GAS CO., Ltd.  
Cor. Fort and Langley Sts. - Telephone 123.

## SAANICH HONEY

HAVE YOU EVER TRIED

ARMSTRONG'S NEW HONEY?

1-lb Glass Jars and 1-lb Combs, each ..... 25c

Windsor Grocery Company,  
Opposite Post Office. Government St.

## ONTARIO BANK.

Statement furnished by W. T. Stavert,  
the Curator.

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, Oct. 24.—The curator of the Ontario Bank, W. T. Stavert, makes a return in the bank statement issued by the department of finance. The most important changes from the August statement of the bank, which was the last one filed before the bank failed, are in regard to the current loans and the total assets and liabilities. The assets were given in August as \$17,371,842; in the September return they are quoted as \$15,920,307. Current loans in Canada in August were \$13,725,227; in the curator's statement they are \$12,567,491. There is only \$1,000 of an increase in call loans, the September statement being the highest. The capital in both instances is the same, being \$1,500,000; and reserve \$700,000. The note circulation rose in September by about \$100,000. Deposits payable on demand were \$2,915,932 in August, and \$2,976,038 in September. Deposits payable after notice were \$9,861,343 in August and \$9,590,254 in September. The assets included in August \$149,326 in Canadian municipal and British foreign public securities, \$1,087,388 in railway and other bonds, debentures and stock, and \$30,000 in government securities. The September statement shows respectively \$242,317, \$917,503, and \$50,000.

## RARE FINDS.

Skeletons of Animals New to Science  
Discovered in Rocky Mountain  
Region.

(Associated Press.)

New York, Oct. 24.—Three big expeditions of the American museum of natural history arrived from the Rocky Mountain region yesterday after several months rough work, bringing nearly two carloads of petrified skeletons of about 500 animals, mostly new to science, and which lived on the earth from one and a half to eight million years ago. Among the many rare finds which caused considerable speculation and excitement among the scientists were two dinosaurs new to science, one of which was of huge proportions.

## NEW MINISTER.

After Interview With Emperor Francis  
Joseph, Baron Aehrenthal Decides  
to Take Portfolio.

Vienna, Oct. 24.—After a lengthy audience of Emperor Francis Joseph this morning, Baron Aehrenthal, the Austro-Hungarian ambassador to Russia, definitely accepted the foreign ministry portfolio in succession to Count Coluchowski, who recently resigned.

## WILL ENDOW ANOTHER CHAIR.

Montreal, Oct. 22.—Sir William Macdonald, whose benefactions to the cause of education have been both many and large, and whose generosity to McGill University alone exceeds \$300,000, has decided upon adding another chair to that seat of learning. An announcement to this effect was made at the close of last night's session of the Provincial Association of Protestant Teachers of Quebec, by President Rev. Dr. Barclay, and was received with much enthusiasm.

## PICKLE BARGAIN.

English Pickles

Mixed, Chow-Chow, Onions, Quart Bottle ..... 35 Cents

The Saunders Grocery Co., Ltd.

TRY THE OLD STORE.

PHONE 11

JOHNSON STREET.

AN ADDITION TO  
MILLING INDUSTRY

## LOCAL CONCERN

STARTS OPERATION

Taylor-Pattison Company's New Plant  
Is One of the Largest on the  
Coast.

An important addition to Victoria's industries and one that will add considerably to the growing importance of the city as a manufacturing and industrial centre is the new mill, erected by the Taylor, Pattison Co. at the west end of Garsfield road, which has now been opened for business.

Admirably situated on Rock Bay and claimed by the management as possessing the longest water front of any mill in the city, this new enterprise promises to be one of the largest lumber-handling plants on the island. When completed it will have a capacity of 40,000 feet a day, and the ground owned by the company extends over five acres, giving them the largest storage space of any mill owners in Victoria. A building, 130 feet by 32 feet, houses the saws and rough dressing machinery, which is all of the latest type and capable of accomplishing any kind of work required. The logs are hauled up a runway by means of one of the heaviest types of log-jacks made in this stage on the island, encounter a series of new and up-to-date machines which reduce them to the needed sizes and shapes.

The sawmill is a double-floored structure with concrete foundations set right on the edge of the water. It is specially constructed to resist fire and is devoted entirely to machinery for handling the lumber. Two saws, fifty-six inches in diameter, are mounted near the head of the log-jack and are fed by a carriage, which, when finished, will be ninety feet in length. This carriage is steam-fitted making its operation simple and at the same time more effective than the older type of friction gear carriages which are commonly used. In this, and in many other particulars, the new mill is ahead of its local competitors. On the same floor there is also a complete equipment of trimming and other dressing machines which will enable the company to handle lumber of any size, with ease. The lower floor is taken up by the engines and driving gear for the machinery above, and here again the construction work has been chiefly aimed at making the building fire-proof. Concrete flooring is being laid, and the supporting beams are so isolated as to render a fire of large proportions a practical impossibility.

The motive power for the machinery is supplied by two new boilers of the latest design, accommodated by a substantial brick building on concrete foundations and relieved by a smoke-stack 75 feet in height. The furnaces have a large capacity, and are fed with the heavies from the dressing machines. At present the work, which is being done in the sawmill, is largely devoted to the production of lumber for the construction of the company's planing mill, which is now taking shape to the south of the boiler house. This mill will be completed in a few weeks' time, all the fittings and machinery for it being already on the ground. It will be equipped in the thorough and modern manner which characterizes the whole concern, and upon its completion the Taylor-Pattison Company will be able to pride themselves on possessing one of the most modern, as well as one of the largest, planing mills on the Pacific Coast. The company intends to turn out every class of work, and in order to fortify itself against any strike in the lumber market, it has established its own logging camps in the north from which an adequate supply of material is assured.

The company was formed in May, 1905, with the following officers: President and manager, John Taylor; secretary-treasurer, R. J. Crawford; mill superintendent, Messrs. Taylor, and superintendent of logging work, John McKenzie. The capitalization is \$50,000.

## FEATHERSTONE IS HERE.

Convicted Murderer Was Brought to Provincial Jail at Noon To-Day.

R. S. Featherstone, convicted at the assizes in Nanaimo of murdering Miss Dalton, arrived in Victoria to-day at 12 noon in charge of Constable Stephenson, of the provincial police force at Nanaimo. Constable Cox, of the local provincial force, met them at the station and proceeded to the provincial jail with them.

The prisoner maintains the cool demeanor which has characterized him since the hour of his arrest. He manifests no special concern in his situation. According to the Nanaimo Free Press, almost the first thing he did on being removed from the court room after his conviction was to dance a jig and tell the guards that he had only to the 12th of December to live, and for "goodness sake" to bring him a good supper. The strain under which he has lived during the past few weeks has not impaired his appetite in the least, the goodness of which is the wonder of those who have to deal with him.

Immediately after the decision, Col. Gregory, Featherstone's counsel, hurried to the telephone office and wired the prisoner's father in Paris, Ont.: "It's all over. You have our sympathy." Featherstone has every kind of praise for his counsel, Col. Gregory and Mr. Russell Simpson, and says of the crown prosecutor, Deputy Attorney-General Maclean, that he is a very bright man.

From now on at the provincial jail Featherstone will be under a guard day and night until the time of his execution on December 12th.

The case against two hunters charged with shooting within the limits of the Oak Bay municipality will be heard before W. Henderson, justice of the peace, at 9 o'clock this afternoon.

## CANADIAN FOUND DEAD.

Chicago, Oct. 24.—W. S. Stewart, 26 years of age, 25 Wilcox avenue, Toronto, was found dead in a bath room at the Saratoga hotel last night, and it is believed Stewart committed suicide by shooting himself through the brain.

## DEBENTURES SOLD.

The Lieut.-Governor Acquired the Latest Issue at Par Value.

Yesterday afternoon the local improvement debentures, to cover the cost of the work done on the streets under the local improvement scheme were disposed of. The tenders were opened and the bids considered by the finance committee of the city council and the auditor. The award was made to His Honor, James Dunsmuir, who takes the debentures at par.

The debentures amount to \$55,726, and bear interest at 4 per cent, extending over a period of ten years. The purchase of these by His Honor, a resident of the city, at par value is most encouraging. It shows that the credit of Victoria is all that can be desired, and has not lost any standing.

The last debentures issued under the local improvement scheme brought almost as high a price as those sold yesterday, the price of them being slightly over 99. In 1902 similar debentures sold at par.

The debentures covering the James Bay improvements were likewise disposed of at par. The latter extend over a period of 50 years; Victoria's credit is such that whether at long or short loans there is a ready disposition to acquire the debentures at a high figure.

## "CUPID IN POSTERLAND."

Complete Programme Which Will Be Presented on Thursday and Friday Evenings.

The complete programme of "Cupid in Posterland," just as it will be presented on Thursday and Friday evenings at the Victoria theatre is now available. The scene is set in a large, indicating an unusual interest in the season's big amateur musical event of which the Royal Jubilee hospital will receive the benefit. The programme follows:

## Cast of Characters.

Old King Cole, famous ruler of a famous kingdom—Godfrey Booth.

A. Piker Franklin, newspaper reporter—A. J. Joliffe.

Foxy Grandpa, out for a good time—George Phillips.

Happy Hooligan, with troubles of his own—G. O. Pooley.

Laughing Jim—"I seen your ad. in the paper"—B. G. Prior.

Police man, one of the finest—M. J. Mason.

The Bold Gust Winds, protectors of the Royal Buck and Wing—Cleve White and Fred White.

Buster Brown, a wise little boy—Leroy Wachter.

Jack, the lost found—W. H. Wensley.

Prattending Percy, a good little boy—Raymond Johnson.

Lady Bountiful, specialist in charity—Dorothy Sehl.

Boy Blue, Miss Muffet, Bo Peep, Jill (of King Cole's court)—J. W. Petch.

Beastie Dunsmuir, Anna McQuade and Mrs. Herbert Kent, respectively.

Mrs. Katzenjammer, a woman of character—Viola Brice.

Mary Jane, Buster's confederate—Kessie Sehl.

Fairy—Connie Jay.

Cupid—St. Sino Russell.

Guests, minstrels, travellers and friends.

Act I.—Lady Bountiful's Home.

Act II.—Old King Cole's Court.

Musical Numbers—Act I.

"Boys and Girls"—Messrs. Sydney Petch, P. R. Brown, A. F. Foote, Wm. Rochfort, B. M. Shaw, Clifford Jenkinson, W. H. Wensley, Harry Hardy, J. M. Collinson, F. D. Brice, Misses Edith Reed, Muriel Hall.

Winnifred Wilson, Ida Foote, Miss Newcombe, Lilian Clarke, Dorothy Day, Marie Cross, Glida Leary, E. Richards.

"Indians on Broadway"—Mr. Julien, assisted by Messrs. J. W. Gamble, A. T. Bain, R. Roame, J. H. S. Gordon, H. A. Taylor, Daryl Kent, Misses Noel, Moresby, Eleanor Huntington, Phyllis Mason, Innie Mason, D. Bulver, Ella Whitelaw.

"Days of Old"—Mr. Booth, assisted by Misses Reed, McQuade, Day, Clarke, Kent, Dunsmuir.

"Down at the Farmyard Gate"—Mr. Phillips, Master Wachter, and Kessie Sehl.

"Bullfrog and the Coon"—Mr. Petch, Miss McQuade.

"Alamo"—Miss Sehl, assisted by Messrs. Bell, Gamble, Bain, Kent, Rochfort, Roame.

"Quarrel Song"—Cupid's arrival—Entire company.

"Good Night, Sweet Dreams," by Mrs. Hinton.

Act II.

Male Chorus—"When the Golden Sun set Pades Beyond the Hills."

"I Don't Know Where I'm Going, but I'm On My Way"—Mr. Prior.

"In a Hammock Built for Two"—Miss Dunsmuir, assisted by Misses Hall, Reed, Leary, Messrs. Foote, Jenkinson, Rochfort, Brown, Hardy, Petch.

The White.

"God Advice"—Mr. Pooley.

"If I Should"—Miss Sehl, Mr. Joliffe.

"Can't You See I'm Lonely"—Miss Green and Mr. Bell; Messrs. Hopkins, Rochfort, Kent, Taylor, Gordon, Roame, Bain, Gamble, Misses Nicholles, Bulver, Whitelaw, Mason, Mason, Huntington, Moresby, Wilson.

"Tell Me Pretty Maiden"—Franklin and Lady Bountiful, Jack and Jill, Boy Blue and Bo Peep, Foxy Grandpa and Miss Muffet, King Cole and Mrs. Katzenjammer, Happy Hooligan and Countess Also.

Grand Finale for entire company.

"God-Save the King."

(The audience are invited to rise and join in singing the National Anthem.)

## BUILT UP HER HEALTH

SPEEDY CURE OF MISS ECCLESON

She is Made Well by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and Writes Gratefully to Mrs. Pinkham.

For the wonderful help that she has found Zula Eccleson, 6 Erie St., East, St. Thomas, Ont., believes it her duty to write the following letter for publication, in order that other women afflicted in



Zula Eccleson

the same way may be benefited as she was. She writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I heartily recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as a tonic and regulator for female troubles. I suffered for four years with displacement and no one but those who have experienced this dreadful agony can form any idea of the physical and mental suffering those endure who are thus affected. Your Vegetable Compound cured me. Within three months I was fully restored to health and strength and now my periods are regular and painless. What a blessing it is to obtain such relief when so many doctors fail to help you. Your medicine is better than any doctor or medicine I ever had."

No other medicine has such a record of cures of female troubles as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Women who are troubled with painful or irregular periods, backache, bloating (or flatulence), displacement of organs, inflammation or ulceration can be restored to perfect health and strength by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Her experience is very great, and she gives the benefit of it to all who stand in need of wise counsel. She is the daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham and for twenty-five years has been advising sick women free of charge.

Address, Lynn, Mass.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SOCIAL AND CONCERT—L. T. B. Association, A. O. U. W. Hall, Yates street, Friday evening, October 25th, commencing at 8 o'clock, good programme and refreshments. Admission, 25c.

WANTED—Salesman for wholesale grocery house. Apply, stating age, experience, etc., to Box 86, Times Office.

TO RENT—Two furnished cottages, one six rooms and one seven rooms, electric light, hot and cold water, bath room and all modern conveniences. Apply F. B. Pemberton; Fort street.

WANTED—A girl for general house work, good wages. Apply 72 Fort street.

FIVE GIRLS WANTED—Blouse department, steady work. Apply M. H. Smith & Co., Niagara street.

FOR SALE—Gordon setter pups, best blood in country. Apply George Francis, care of J. E. Day, Esquimalt.

LOST—Yesterday, between 1 and 1.30, on south side of Fort street, 2 black watch-plunges. Finder kindly leave at Times Office.

WANTED—A boy about 15 years old for store and delivery. Apply 420 Cook St.

FOR SALE—Drophead Wheeler & Wilson sewing machine, light oak, drawers, good order and condition as new, cost \$60, price \$25. 127 Pandora avenue.

Messrs. Williams & Janion,

Duly instructed by F. OLIVER, Esq., will sell by

Public Auction,

At His Residence,  
59 SUPERIOR STREET.

—ON—  
TUESDAY, OCT. 30TH.

AL H. H. H. the whole of his valuable HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS, which will be on view on MONDAY, OCT. 29th, from 10 a. m. Particulars in Sunday's paper.

IMPERIAL RAINCOATS

FOR LADIES AND MISSES

Fashionable New Styles from

\$7.50 Up.

SOLD ONLY BY

WESCOTT BROS.

THE BIG DRY GOODS STORE

QUALITY HOUSE

71 YATES ST. W.S. 1566

Granite and

Marble Works

Monuments, Tablets, Granite

Copings, etc., at lowest prices

consistent with first-class stock

and workmanship.

A. STEWART.

COR. YATES AND BLANCHARD

STREETS.

DIED.

CARLSON—At Vancouver, on Oct. 22nd, Mrs. E. Carlson, aged 35 years.

WARRIED.

LINHAM—At Vancouver, on Oct. 22nd, by Rev. G. A. Wilson, Percy Linham and Miss Ada May.

## Winter Comfort

Be prepared for the  
Long Winter Nights  
and put in a Heater

We have them to burn coal or  
wood, or combinations for  
both—to suit any size room  
or pocket book.

Air Tight Wood Heaters

\$3.00 to \$15.00

Air Tight Coal Heaters,

\$12.00 to \$20.00

Combination for both  
Wood and Coal

\$10.00 to \$17.50

Cottage Grate Stoves

\$9.50 to \$17.50

The Ogilvie Hardware Co.

Phone 1120.

Cor. Yates and Broad

## PATERSON SHOE CO., LTD.

The Better Makes  
of Boots and Shoes

Are Hanan & Sons, Geo. E. Keith's Walkover,  
Slater's Invictus, Dr's. Special and Hagar's.

We have the above manufacturers' foot gear in all the new styles  
and made from the best Vici Kid, Box Calf, Velour Calf, and Patent  
Leather that the market can produce. Prices:

MEN'S ..... \$4.00 to \$8.00

WOMEN'S ..... \$3.00 to \$6.00

FELT SLIPPERS, MEN'S ..... 75c. to \$2.00

FELT SLIPPERS, WOMEN'S ..... 50c. to \$1.00

FELT SLIPPERS, CHILDREN'S ..... 35c. to 75c.

BOYS' AND YOUTHS' SCHOOL BOOTS, best sold for ..... \$1.00 to \$2.00

MISSIES' and CHILDREN'S SCHOOL BOOTS, in Oil Grain Leather  
and Box Calf, damp proof soles. Prices ..... \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2

OUR RUBBERS WEAR. WHY?—PROPERLY FITTED.

## TWO STORES

Shoe Emporium City Shoe House

Cor. Govt. and Johnson 70 Government Street

## Layritz Nursery

CAREY ROAD

Headquarters for Choice Nursery Stock of all  
descriptions and in all the leading varieties, in-  
cluding many novelties. Fruit and Ornamental  
Trees, Small Fruits, Evergreens, Roses, Climbers,  
Bulbs, etc. : : Now Is The Time To Plant!

Ever Have  
An Accident?

A complex civilization, and the demands of  
expanding business, make the street car, the  
railroad, and the steamer the common medium  
of travel.

Everyone travels nowadays. Even those whose  
business does not take them out of the city  
very often employ electric means of travel al-  
most every day of the year.

Compute what you spend on car tickets. With  
every ticket you used you took a risk

Every trip to Vancouver, to Seattle, to Na-  
naimo, involved a serious risk.

How can you get a thousand-dollar policy  
covering such accidents without a cent of cost  
to yourself?

Watch This Column.

## Municipal Notice.

To-morrow will be the  
last day but FIVE for pay-  
ing taxes to receive the  
abatement of one-sixth.

CHAS. KENT,

Collector.

Victoria, B. C., Oct. 23rd, 1906.

## Public Meeting

A public meeting will be held in the  
Council Chamber, City Hall, on Wed-  
nesday next, the 31st instant, for the  
purpose of further considering the  
question of the improvement of the wa-  
ter supply of the city.

All persons interested are invited to  
be present and take part in the dis-  
cussion.

The chair will be taken promptly at  
8 o'clock p.m.

LAWRENCE GODDARD,  
Acting Mayor.

Victoria, B. C., Oct. 23th, 1906.



## CLEAR ROCK

THE GEM OF  
PURE MINERAL WATERS

Bottled at the Springs,  
Waukesha, Wis., U.S.A.

PACKED IN CASES 50 QUARTS  
100 PINTS  
200 SPLIT HALF PINTS.

**R. P. RITHET & CO., LIMITED**

AGENTS FOR B. C. AND THE STATES OF WASHINGTON AND OREGON.

## Walter S. Fraser & Co., Ltd HARDWARE

LANTERNS, AIR TIGHT HEATERS,  
and ENAMEL WARE

Call and Get Prices.

Wharf St. Phone 3. **VICTORIA, B.C.**

PURE ECONOMIC

PRESCRIPTIONS

HALL'S  
CENTRAL  
DRUG  
STORE

N. E.  
Corner  
Yates and  
Douglas

**VICTORIA THEATRE**  
Thursday and Friday, Oct. 25, and 26.  
The Woman's Auxiliary of Royal Jubilee Hospital Present

## CUPID IN POSTERLAND

THE FANTASTIC MUSICAL MELANGE  
Direction of MR. JAMES W. EVANS.  
Local Singers and Comedians in a  
Cloudburst of Fun and Melody.  
Plan for seat sale opens at the Theatre  
Tuesday, Oct. 24th, at 2 p.m.  
Prices, 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00.

## EMPRESS THEATRE.

Will Open

**WEDNESDAY MATINEE,**  
October 24th

-IN-

## "Under Sealed Orders"

A Large Cast of Competent Players.  
Prices: Matinee, 10c and 20c; Evenings,  
10c, 20c, 30c.

## THE NEW GRAND

SULLIVAN & CONSIDINE, Props.  
ROBT. JAMIESON, Mgr.

General Admission, 10c. Entire Lower  
Floor and First Six Rows of Bal-  
cony, 25c. Box seats, \$50.

Week 22nd October.

THE NELLIE ANDREWS OPERA CO.

WILLARD NEWELL AND HIS CO.

O'BRIEN AND WEST.

ANDRE.

PAUL LADREW.

FREDERICK ROBERTS.

NEW MOVING PICTURES.

PROF. M. NAGEL'S ORCHESTRA.

### WINNIPEG NOTES.

Winnipeg, Oct. 23.—The Bell Tele-  
phone Company is rapidly extending its  
long-distance system throughout the  
West and already Manitoba is thor-  
oughly covered. Next year Battleford  
will be connected with Winnipeg, and  
by 1908 Edmonton, Calgary and McLeod  
will be on the same wire.

Information concerning a daring  
burglary, committed last night, was  
given out by the police this evening.  
The pawn shop of I. Ripstein was en-  
tered and upwards of \$500 worth of  
jewelry and wares was stolen. The  
premises were well lighted all the time,  
consequently the burglary was particu-  
larly daring.

The C. P. R. is taking decisive action  
to prevent the stamping of farm labor-  
ers' tickets, an offense which is preva-  
lent now that customers are returning  
after the harvest excursions. To-day  
W. S. Bell, of Weyburn, Sask., was  
charged before a magistrate with hav-  
ing stamped a ticket to Penetanguishene, Ont., and being found guilty of  
the offence was fined \$70 and costs.

## SUFFRAGISTS WERE FORCIBLY EJECTED

TRIED TO INVADE THE  
COMMONS CHAMBER

Stalwart Policemen Were Compelled to  
Carry Several Women From  
Lobby of House.

London, Oct. 23.—Unusual excitement  
in connection with the re-opening of  
parliament to-day was caused by the  
presence of about one hundred women  
suffragists, many of whom, despite the  
protests of police, managed to find their  
way into the outer lobby of the House  
of Commons with the intention of but-  
ton-holing the members in support of  
their movements.

A number of suffragists mounted vac-  
ant chairs in the lobby and began to  
harangue members of parliament pres-  
ent in that part of the house. The po-  
lice, after being reinforced, made a  
strategic advance against the invaders,  
taking the women singly and gradually  
ejected them one by one from the  
House. Most of the women struggled  
desperately so that two officers were  
required to remove them. Their hyster-  
ical shouting and screaming brought  
crowds of alarmed members from the  
House.

During the height of the tumult a  
small band of the staunchest suffrag-  
ists determined to attempt to break  
into the House itself and started to-  
wards the entrance of the inner lobby.  
Two of the women tried to climb over  
the barrier and others attempted to  
crawl under it. For several minutes  
the utmost disorder, almost riot, pre-  
vailed and the police had all they could  
do to eject the women, who absolutely  
refused to leave without the use of  
force.

They clung tenaciously to the stal-  
wart policemen, the railings or other  
means of support and offered strenu-  
ous resistance to expulsion, while  
shouts of "We all have votes," and  
"You cowardly men dare not give us  
justice," sounded through the halls.  
Finally the police were forced to  
carry out several of the women bodily  
and they were all ultimately deposited  
in the palace yard, where for some time  
they conducted their shrill and vehe-  
ment protests.

So noisily demonstrative were they  
that the police arrested several of them  
and marched them off to the nearest  
police station.

### ROOSEVELT CABINET.

Number of Changes Will Take Place  
on the First of the Year.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 23.—The fol-  
lowing statements regarding changes in  
President Roosevelt's cabinet was made  
public at the White House to-night:

On the retirement of Secretary Shaw  
and Attorney-General Moody from the  
cabinet the following changes will be  
made:

Secretary of the treasury, Hon. Geo.  
B. Cortelyou.  
Postmaster general, Hon. George Von  
L. Meyer.

Attorney-general, Hon. J. Bonaparte.  
Secretary of the navy, Hon. V. L.  
Metcalfe.

Secretary of commerce and labor,  
Hon. Oscar S. Strauss.

The general understanding for some  
time has been that Attorney-General  
Moody would retire on the first of  
January, and that Secretary Shaw  
would follow him on the fourth of  
March.

On the first of the year, therefore,  
Mr. Bonaparte, who is now secretary  
of the navy, will succeed Mr. Meyer  
as attorney-general, and in turn will  
be succeeded by Mr. Metcalfe. The  
secretaryship of commerce and labor,  
the latter's place, being filled by Mr.  
Strauss.

The announcement of the prospec-  
tive changes in the cabinet was made  
to-night, following a protracted cabi-  
net meeting earlier in the day, at which  
it is understood the whole matter was  
considered fully. The fact that Mr.  
Meyers was to have a place in the  
cabinet has been known for some time,  
but the name of Mr. Strauss has been  
mentioned only incidentally if at all  
in connection with the circle of the  
president's advisors.

The transfers of Messrs. Cortelyou to  
the treasury, Bonaparte to the attor-  
ney-generalship, and Metcalfe to the  
navy, have generally been accepted as  
among the probabilities for some time,  
although it has been known that both  
Mr. Bonaparte and Mr. Metcalfe were  
in time to leave their present  
positions, because they had become so  
fully identified with the work of their  
respective departments.

Mr. Meyer is ambassador to Russia,  
to which place he was appointed on  
March 6th, 1905, having been promoted  
to that office following his services as  
ambassador to Italy from 1900 to 1905.  
He is a native of Massachusetts and  
has been well known as a business  
man.

The appointment of Mr. Strauss has  
caused considerable surprise, as it will  
be the first case of a citizen of the  
Jewish faith having been a member of  
the president's cabinet. He represented  
the United States as minister to Tur-  
key on two different occasions, and

### Bouncing Babies

are Nestlé's Food babies. No upset  
stomachs—no bowel troubles—no  
hot breath sickness—come to  
babies brought up on

## Nestlé's Food

Sample (enough for eight meals)  
sent free to any mother.

THE LEECHING, 4125-42, CHAMBERS, MONTREAL.

was appointed by the president to fill  
the vacancy caused by the death of  
ex-President Harrison as a member of  
the permanent court of arbitration at  
The Hague.

### INCREASED ACTIVITY.

In All the Mining Centres of Southern  
British Columbia.

A. P. Low, director of the geologi-  
cal survey, has lately returned to the  
Capital from a flying visit to British  
Columbia, a visit, which, owing to the  
late adjournment of parliament and to  
business connected with the transfer  
of the geological survey from the  
charge of the minister of the interior  
to that of the minister of inland re-  
venue, was much shorter than original-  
ly intended. However, even in the  
brief time that the director was able  
to devote to personal inspection of the  
mining areas, and in making and re-  
newing acquaintances with the promi-  
nent mine managers, he was able to  
do a considerable amount of work and  
he has returned more than ever im-  
pressed with the capabilities of British  
Columbia as a mineral province. When  
it is remembered that only a few  
years ago one of the survey officers  
commented a portion of his report  
with "There being no copper work in  
Canada," and that last year the cop-  
per production of British Columbia  
alone was \$8,000,000 pounds, the pro-  
gress has indeed been astonishing.

Mr. Low first visited the coal mines  
of East Kootenay. He found that at  
Fernie and at Michel a large output of  
coal and coke is being made from the  
mines, which are not only operat-  
ing to their full present capacity, but  
new workings are being opened to  
increase the output, for which a ready  
market is found, both in our own Do-  
minion and the adjoining portions of  
the United States.

In Roseland itself and in the vicinity  
a distinct revival of mining has taken  
place owing to the new discoveries of  
richer ore in the deeper parts of the  
principal mines, discoveries which R.  
W. Brock, acting for the survey, had  
predicted with considerable confidence.  
The work of Mr. Brock and of his col-  
leagues is much appreciated in the dis-  
trict, more especially owing to the re-  
newed confidence it has imparted both  
to mine managers and prospectors. At  
Trail, extensive alterations and addi-  
tions were being made to the smelter  
and similar improvements are taking  
place in Nelson, Grand Forks, Green-  
wood and Boundary, showing that the  
output of the mines supplying these  
furnaces is of such a nature as de-  
mands more extensive and better  
planting for its treatment. All the  
mines of the Boundary copper camps were  
active, and their general tone appear-  
ed to suggest healthy improvement  
without any sign of an undesirable  
boom.

A hurried visit was made to the sil-  
ver lead districts of Slokan, showing  
an awakening there also; several mines  
are working profitably. The finding of  
the vein of the Frontier-Caribon mine  
at a depth of more than 1,200 feet  
chanced to be coincident with Mr.  
Low's visit, and is of the greatest im-  
portance to the district, pointing out  
it does to the probability of the silver  
and lead ores being found at a depth  
previously unknown.

At Hedley, in the Similkameen val-  
ley, the large Nickel Plate mine was  
visited and a trip was made over the  
adjoining properties. These give sur-  
face indications of large ore bodies,  
and when the railway freighters are re-  
duced to a reasonable figure it is ex-  
pected that these ores will prove pay-  
able. C. Cammell, who was working  
along the Similkameen valley above  
Kelowna, was seen at Hedley and was  
quite enthusiastic about the large  
masses of ore in that region which, al-  
though low grade, can, he confidently  
believes, be profitably worked, upon  
the completion of the railway.

The coast was reached on the 22nd  
of August, when Mr. LeRoy, who was  
working on the coast section about  
100 miles north of Vancouver, made  
very favorable reports concerning  
the mineral possibilities, both of the  
mainland and Texada island.

Summed up, the result of Mr. Low's  
visit to southern British Columbia  
showed a renewed and increased ac-  
tivity in mining at all mining centres,  
and he came away with the feeling that  
the optimistic view being conducted  
throughout those districts in a solid  
and legitimate manner with the object  
in view of making money, not from  
speculative dealings in shares, but  
from the actual output of the mines.

That this visit of the director, which  
it is hoped will be of annual occur-  
rence, will result in much mutual ben-  
efit to the mining interest and to the  
geological survey there is no doubt.  
Mr. Low's endeavor to meet personally  
the principal owners and operators of  
the several camps, and where possi-  
ble, to freely exchange ideas as to the  
present and future work of the de-  
partment is, it is felt, a step in  
the right direction. By this means and  
by this means only can a clear un-  
derstanding be obtained as to the de-  
sires of the department to help in every  
possible way the mining interest of  
Canada; at the same time the director  
receives valuable suggestions as to the  
manner in which such help may be  
given, and these suggestions will no  
doubt be acted upon as far as cir-  
cumstances permit, thus increasing the  
usefulness of the geological survey.

The new steel steamer Snyder left  
Fort William, Ont., for the East, car-  
rying 350,000 bushels of wheat, the  
largest cargo which has ever left this  
port.

Planes have no eyelids, and necessarily  
sleep with their eyes open. They swallow  
their food whole, having no dental ma-  
chinery. Frogs, toads and serpents never  
take food except that which they are cer-  
tain to alive.

## Beecham's Pills

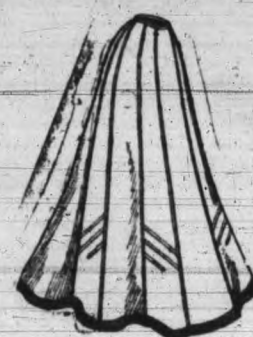
When lack of appetite is caused by  
overeating, take Beecham's Pills  
to relieve the feeling of heaviness.  
When a sick stomach takes away  
all desire for food, take Beecham's  
Pills. They invariably tone the di-  
gestion and

### Create Good Appetite

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 25 cents.

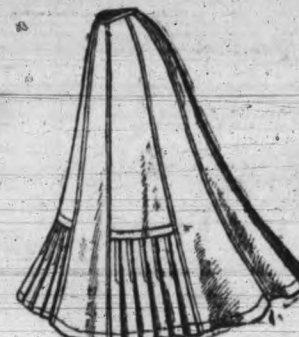
# CAMPBELL'S

## Special Hand Tailored Skirts



AUTUMN with its subdued tints is  
with us; winter, with its chilly  
weather, is rapidly approaching,  
hence we draw your attention to a  
new importation of Hand Tailored  
English Skirts. The colors embrace  
a great range of neutral shades,  
delicate grays and blacks. The ma-  
terials are fancy cloths, broad-  
cloths and beautiful new designs in  
tweeds. Having made a large pur-  
chase of exclusive samples, we are  
enabled to place these excellent  
goods before our customers at the  
following very low prices:

\$2.75, \$3.25, \$3.75, \$4.25  
\$5.00



Mail Orders Receive Prompt Attention.

## ANGUS CAMPBELL & CO.

THE LADIES' STORE

PROMIS BLOCK, GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

C. 1335.

### COLLISION IN OTTAWA RIVER.

Certificates of the Captain and Mate of  
the Maude Suspended.

Montreal, Oct. 23.—The admiralty  
court to-day rendered judgment in the  
case of the Ottawa-Maude collision.  
The verdict of the court is that Capt.  
F. Gauthier and Mate W. Gerard, of  
the Maude, were guilty of wrongful acts  
and in consequence the certificate of  
the captain is suspended for a year,  
and that of the mate, who was in  
actual command at the time of the col-  
lision, for eighteen months.

### SURVIVORS RESCUED.

Forty-seven Passengers and Thirteen  
of Crew of Steamer Variagin  
Saved.

Vladivostok, Oct. 23.—Forty-seven of  
the passengers and thirteen members  
of the crew of the Russian wooden  
coasting steamer Variagin have been  
rescued by Chinese boats. The Variagin  
struck a floating mine and sank  
near here last Sunday.

### MURDERER'S CONFESSION.

E. Nichols Admits Having Killed an  
Actress in Chicago.

Chicago, Oct. 23.—Edward Nichols, a  
theatrical man, who was taken into  
custody by the police during their in-  
vestigation into the death of Mrs. Mar-  
garet Leslie, the actress, who was  
found dead in her room in the Palace  
hotel to-day, confessed to the murder  
of Mrs. Leslie and to the stealing of  
diamonds valued at \$1,500 from her.

## A Woman's Kidneys

### WHAT DOCTORS NOTICE AND WHAT THEY DON'T.

Disease in the kidneys is one of the  
last ailments for which a doctor looks  
when treating women. This is a great  
mistake.

Women are very prone to kidney  
trouble, and in fact many physicians  
attribute a woman's languor and ill  
health to a derangement of the gen-  
ital organs, when it's simply plain kid-  
ney disease, and nothing else.

Many so supposed female complaints  
are either kidney or bladder diseases.

Sick kidneys of course make associ-  
ate organs sick also.

The result is back pains, bearing  
down sensations, urine weariness and  
headache.

But Dr. Hamilton's Pills go right to  
the spot.

They put life into the kidney that  
makes a worn out woman feel like  
new.

Indirectly the blood and nervous  
centres are assisted by Dr. Hamilton's  
Pills, and the result is a proper per-  
formance of the function and a pain-  
less fulfillment of nature's command.

Thus it is that a woman can gain  
much happiness and abundant good  
health by the regular use of Dr. Ham-  
ilton's Pills.

From her home near Portland, Ont.,  
Mrs. A. B. Coburn writes:

"For two years past I have been  
sickly and weak. My color was dull  
and sallow, and I felt exhausted and  
weary, as if all my strength were be-  
ing eaten up with some hidden trou-  
ble. I heard of Dr. Hamilton's Pills  
and decided to use them. The change  
in a few days was surprising. They  
regulated my kidneys and bowels and  
cured all my suffering; to-day I am  
perfectly well."

You can rely on Dr. Hamilton's  
Pills with implicit confidence; their  
effect is wonderful. Sold by all deal-  
ers. Price 25c. per box, five boxes for  
\$1.00, by mail from N. C. Polson & Co.,  
Kingston, Ont., and Hartford, Conn.,  
U. S. A.

The Spanish barque F. G. Capt.  
Oliver, which sailed from Havana  
October 2nd for Brunswick, Ga., is be-  
lieved to have been lost in the recent  
hurricane. She is ten days overdue.  
The authorities believe that she has  
gone down with all on board.

A physician has discovered that the air  
of the Egyptian desert is about as free  
from bacterial life as the polar regions  
or the high seas. He considers the desert  
would prove an excellent place for people  
suffering from rheumatism or consump-  
tion to take up their abode.

## ..FINE LEATHER GOODS..

A NECESSITY to all ladies is a nice handbag. We have a fine  
selection of these handbags, purses, pocketbooks, etc. They are the  
best quality leather, are well made, and neat in appearance, and are  
entirely new in design.

OUR STOCK of these goods is complete, and we have also a fine  
line of ENGLISH TRAVELLING BAGS with sterling silver and ivory  
fittings. They are all handsome and we invite you to call and com-  
pare the quality and prices of them before purchasing elsewhere.

## C. E. REDFERN, 43 Govt. St.

TELEPHONE 118

P. O. BOX 32.

## LEEMING & CO.

\$150—Modern 1 roomed house at  
Oak Bay with good view of the  
sea. (41).  
\$200—2 lots, near Oak Bay avenue.  
(42).  
\$250—2 1/2 acres fruit land, shaded,  
V. & S. Ry. through property,  
water front, spring on property,  
near Sidney. (23).  
\$1,000—10 acres, fruit land, Union  
Bay, North Saanich, facing on  
road.  
\$1,100—2 story frame house, 7  
rooms, lot 6x120, Johnson street.

22 Fort Street, Victoria.

Phone 748. P. O. Box 61.

## Investors from the East

Is it Acreage you want  
or City Lots?

We have,  
5 ACRE LOTS  
10 ACRE LOTS

FARMS, all kinds of prices.  
LOTS, all parts of city.  
Business chances, Warehouse, Fac-  
tory and Hotel sites.  
Mines, Mining and Industrial stocks.

## H. H. JONES & Co.

Note the Address,  
Rooms 19 to 23 Promis Block.  
46 Government St.  
Telephones 143 and A23.

## Wood Wood Wood

We have the largest supply of Good  
Dry Wood in the City. Fine Cut Wood  
a specialty. Try us and be convinced.  
**Burt's Wood Yard**  
TELEPHONE 525. 61 PANDORA.

## Ladies' Tailoring Parlors

ROOM 3, MOODY BLOCK.  
**SPRINKLING & CO.**  
MERCHANT TAILORS,  
Room 2, Moody Block, Up-Stairs,  
76 1/2 YATES STREET.

## WHY WASTE MONEY and Get POOR PICTURES?

We make a specialty of developing,  
printing, mounting and enlarging for  
amateurs and professionals.

**FLEMING BROS., 50 1-2 Govt St**  
Over Sykes' Store.

## Patents and Trade Marks

Procured in all countries.  
Searches of the Records carefully made  
and reports given. Call or write for in-  
formation.

## ROWLAND-BRITTAIN

Mechanical Engineer and Patent Attorney,  
Room 2, Fairfield Block, Granville Street,  
Vancouver.

## Desirable Homes at Low Prices

We  
Build  
Them.

Moore & Whittington, contractors, phone  
A250; residence, A500. Agents for the  
Moore-Whittington Lumber Co. Rough  
and dressed lumber, shingles and mould-  
ings for sale. Mill phone, B155.

## A CHANCE YET

To secure a snap at bottom prices, as  
there are still some bargains left in  
TOOLS AT ALDRIN IRON WORKS CO.  
Block-Steel Plates, Iron, Valves, Brass  
Goods, etc., etc. A large quantity not  
yet sold. Call at the old premises of the  
company. Write or inquire for particu-  
lars at the

## MARINE IRON WORKS

PEMBROKE ST., VICTORIA, B. C.  
ANDREW GRAY, Prop.  
Res. Tel. 100. Office Tel. 93.



## No Use Talking

About the other fellow's goods—it is free advertising for him, and non-productive for you. The public forms its opinion from the way you present the goods. Do this concisely and convincingly, just as if you were talking with your buyer in the store. Then you will have made ONE long stride toward success.

Lord Bacon once said: "The secret of success lies not in doing many things, but in doing a few things well."

Advertising is the vital part of every mercantile business. "DO THIS ONE THING WELL" and get it before the eyes of your patrons in the surest and most inexpensive way, i. e., the columns of

**THE TIMES**  
VICTORIA'S HOME PAPER.

## THE DAILY TIMES

Published every day (except Sunday)

The Times Printing & Publishing Co.

JOHN N. NELSON, Managing Director.

Offices: 25 Broad Street

Telephone: 45

Reportorial Rooms: 45

Business Office: 45

Daily, one month, by carrier: \$3.00

Daily, one week, by carrier: \$1.00

Daily, by mail, per annum: \$10.00

Twice-a-Week Times, per annum: \$10.00

Special Eastern Canadian representative, H. V. Kane, Rooms 115-117 Mail Bldg., Toronto.

The DAILY TIMES is on sale at the following places in Victoria:

Army & Navy Store, cor. Government and Bastion.

Gough's Cigar Store, Douglas Street.

Emerald Cigar Store, Government St.

Knights Stationery Store, 75 Yates St.

Victoria News Co., Ltd., 88 Yates St.

Victoria Book & Stationery Co., 81 Govt. St.

T. N. Hibben & Co., 89 Government St.

A. Edwards, 61 Yates St.

J. C. Byrne, Govt. and Tronson Alley.

George Marsden, cor. Yates and Govt. St.

H. W. Walker, grocer, Beaufort Road.

W. Wilby, 21 Douglas St.

Mrs. Crook, Victoria West Post Office.

Pope Stationery Co., 119 Government St.

Redding, Craigflower Rd., Victoria W.

J. T. McDonald, Oak Bay Junction.

F. G. Pell, Beaufort P. O.

Mrs. Coburn, Oak Bay.

A. Schroeder, Menzies and Michigan Sts.

Mrs. Talbot, Cook and Pandora Sts.

Mrs. Marshall, Gorge Hotel, at the Gorge.

C. Hanbury, Savoy Cigar Store, Govt. St.

Neil Macdonald, East End Grocery, cor. Paul and Oak Bay Ave.

A. Adams, Stanley Ave. and Cadboro Bay Road.

P. R. Roy, Douglas Cigar Store, Govt. St.

W. Graham, 111 Port St.

R. W. Buller's News Stand, C.P.R. Dock, Str. Princess Victoria.

E. & N. Strain, V. & S. Trains.

C. P. R. Trains.

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Dawson-Bennett News Co.

Roseland—M. M. Simpson.

White Horse, Y. T.—Bennett News Co.

Portland, Ore.—Oregon News Co., 17 Sixth Street.

Kansas City, Mo.—American News Co.

## A GENERAL MOVEMENT

It has been argued, until lately very persistently, by a leading organ of public opinion in Victoria, that owing to the "unnatural" state of society, produced by a pernicious system of education, it is essential in the interests of British Columbia that an inferior race shall be admitted within our boundaries to meet the demand for "servile" laborers. This propaganda has had strong support from certain quarters; but it has been suddenly dropped, and the only indication of it that remains is hidden away in the files of a contemporary of uncertain humor. This may be accepted as a judicious inclination of the head to the sentiments of the public at large. And in connection with this subject it is significant that all the potential nations of the British Empire are in absolute harmony on this rather troublesome question of racial incompatibility. Australia has effectively barred out all classes of people whose assimilation with the dominant race is impossible. The constitution of the new Transvaal "National" Association, which has been published, illustrates the sentiments of our South African brethren. It advocates the principles of federation, the abolition of racialism, cheaper means of living, co-operation with the Boers, fair treatment of natives, complete self-government, no further importation of Chinese, and repatriation of those now in South Africa on the expiration of their contracts. The constitution is issued with a manifesto which points out that South Africans have to make a white nation fit to take its place beside the Canadian and Australian nations. It urges the elimination of racial prejudice from practical politics, and expresses the conviction that an overwhelming body of public opinion of both races favors a truly national policy. The general principles of the association include self-government in all internal and domestic affairs, with effective control of railway policy, native affairs, and questions affecting Asiatics in the Transvaal. Legislation is suggested embodying a reform of the mining and company laws in order to secure to the people a larger share in the mineral wealth of the country and to afford more adequate protection to investors. With regard to the Chinese, the manifesto refuses to consent to their remaining in the country as free laborers, and advocates legislation to prevent the renewal of Chinese con-

tracts, the association being convinced that sufficient natives can be obtained, but that effective steps to secure them will only be taken when made absolutely necessary by legislation.

## THE EASTERN VIEW.

It has been claimed that all the newspapers of the East are antagonistic to the idea of granting British Columbia "better terms." That is not true. It is true of some of the leading Conservative newspapers, such as the Montreal Gazette and the Montreal Star. Many leading Liberal newspapers have spoken in decidedly sympathetic terms of the claims of this province, and there is no reason to doubt that if such claims were presented fairly and reasonably to the federal ministers and to the public of the East they would receive earnest consideration and just treatment. But what can be expected when a blundering burlesquer intent only on raising an election cry goes to Ottawa and for his own selfish reasons creates antagonism in all quarters? The Ottawa correspondent of the Toronto Globe writes as follows of the proceedings of the conference:

For the last two days Mr. McBride has stood alone in the conference. To a man the rest of the delegates were arrayed against him. Mr. McBride would listen to no compromise. He wanted all or nothing, thinking nothing of the interests of the other provinces, but wholly of himself. So angry were the rest of the delegates with his obstinacy that they would have declined to recommend any special consideration for British Columbia at all had it not been for the federal ministers, who urged patience. Finally owing to their influence, the conference passed a resolution recommending an annual payment to British Columbia of \$100,000 for ten years over and above what the other provinces were receiving. At one time had he been conciliatory, the British Columbia Premier might have got double that amount. On the passage of this resolution Mr. McBride, as if disgusted by the smallness of the amount, said: "Gentlemen, I withdraw from the conference," and turning on his heel, walked out. This left every other delegate in a white heat of indignation, and one Conservative Premier said with considerable emphasis: "Mr. McBride has been neither frank nor candid."

## ASPIRING JAPS.

The Japanese descent upon our coast is undoubtedly one of the most mysterious things that ever happened. Our island contemporaries on the other side of the Pacific are, beyond question, a bold race. They are keen after adventure. The reaction from their remarkably successful war with Russia has about passed away, and it appears as if this enterprising Asiatic race were eager for further opportunities of letting the world see what they are capable of in the way of "derring do." They are different from almost all the other nations of the world in that they have to pass through the period of belligerency which ordinarily leads up to a final subsidence into the peaceful pursuits of life. Europe, the more aggressive parts of Asia, and America, have all passed through the stages of blood-letting which in certain racial natures appears to be essential to the final adoption of a peaceful, plodding, materially profitable existence. The Japanese may be said to be just beginning their career. As a nation they have found themselves. It would not be at all surprising if circumstances could prove that they do not know exactly what to do with themselves now they have taken their own measure. They are a martial race; they are studying the history of the great aggressive races of the Occident and the Orient who have preceded them; and it may be that their leading spirits will adopt a programme of emulation; and there is a possibility that the execution of such a programme would set all the world by the ears.

Our American neighbors affect to be amused at the thought of the little fellows squaring up to them. The Russians were also greatly diverted at what they termed the insolence of the heathen barbarians. They told of what they would do if they were forced to act. The islanders said little; but they were evidently willing to enter in a preliminary round against the forces of "civilization." No Occidental, versed or unversed in the arts of war, had any doubt as to the ultimate result. The experts were all at fault. The virility of the Orient was too much for the nation whose vital forces had been sapped by years of internal abuses.

After such an experience it is not surprising that the Japs are aspiring. They will not stand any nonsense from rival powers who would assume the role of regulators of their activities. They resent the manner in which the American guardians of the seal rookeries treated their sailors. They may not have what international law would characterize as a good case against the United States. But they are evidently "nursing their wrath to keep it warm." They are treasuring up their grievance. Public feeling has been aroused. Our neighbors doubtless regard their Oriental neighbor as an "amoooin' little cuss." But it might be wise to treat him with courtesy and consideration, for the time will come, if it is not already here, when he will have the power, as he now has the will, to make trouble.

However, the sentiments of the Jap-

anese towards Americans do not explain the mystery of that descent upon our coast.

## THE BRITISH ARE SO SLOW.

The Briton is slow, no doubt, and sometimes hard to move from well-worn grooves. In some matters we are told he lags behind in the race of international progress. All these propositions we accept with humility—and with certain reservations. Because we notice that all the inventors in the world of scientific mechanics stood afar off in scepticism while the British engineer labored to perfect the marine turbine engine. Parsons plodded along in experimentation until he advanced the turbine from a toy in the Turbina to the more or less perfect marvel it is to-day in the largest and the fastest-sailing warship afloat, the Dreadnought. Now it is safe to say the position of the turbine in the marine world has been permanently established, as it is announced that warships even larger than the Dreadnought are to be constructed by the Imperial government, the improved motive power having demonstrated that it is suitable to all the requirements in driving and manoeuvring vessels of the highest class.

Naturally Germany expresses her displeasure that she has been left behind in the race for naval supremacy. Great Britain has taken advantage of her under the plea of naval disarmament, with the result illustrated in the Dreadnought and the greater warships that are to be speedily constructed and to follow her into the water. The American naval constructors would have nothing to do with turbines; they had not been proved and they were defective when the real test, that of rapid manoeuvring was applied. Now it is announced that recently reports have reached the department at Washington touching the performance of the great British battleship Dreadnought that have inclined the constructors to reverse their judgment in the case of turbines, and it is stated at the department to be entirely probable that such engines will be proposed in the plans for the great 20,000-ton battleship which must be submitted to congress by its direction at the next session. Details of the construction of the Dreadnought, guarded as a state secret for two years are coming to light, and they show that the objection against the turbine on the point of manoeuvring capacity has been overcome. This was accomplished by equipping the big ship with four separate propeller shafts, and with the two great rudders, one behind the other, giving great power of steering. Intimations have been received from some American shipbuilders that with the experience gained in the recent construction of merchant ships and yachts equipped with turbines the cost of these engines can be considerably reduced. Yes; John Bull is slow, but he still serves some useful purposes in the world.

The London ladies who are determined to force the government to give them votes are apparently going to make the "external" proceedings of Parliament interesting during the present session. Lively times were expected inside the House because of the daubful attitude of certain elements of which the government party is composed and the announced determination of the extreme wings to bring matters to a definite issue. But the suffragettes have created a diversion which may impress the divergent elements with the foolishness and futility of internecine strife. And yet family feuds are always bitter; quarrels within a household invariably the most difficult to settle.

Is it the hand of the "gee man" we see in these "spontaneous demonstrations" that are being worked up in honor of the hero who is reported to be on his way home from Ottawa? Or is it the chief of the "wee ane," the Great Man who distributes terminal townships (the property of the public) to his male and female favorites, who is organizing "non-partisan" welcomes all through the province to the bold partner in his misdeeds?

One Liberal defeats another Liberal in the county of Quebec, and the Conservative correspondents rejoice greatly. Until such time as Conservatives gain the courage necessary to nominate party candidates the country will be quite safe—and for a long time after.

Toronto Star: The Hindoos, keep flocking into British Columbia, and Bill Gallie, M. P., has about made up his mind to import a thousand Bengal tigers to give them something to do that will not interfere with white labor.

## SIMPLE STEAL.

Ottawa Journal.

As the evidence goes at present it was a simple steal from his partners (and they were using Foresters' money) by Fowler and those who knowingly shared it with him, of whom Pope is indicated as one. There may possibly be something yet to come out regarding the complicated facts to exhibit some or all of the parties concerned in a better light, but it is difficult to see how, unless there are new developments. We would imagine that so far as public life is concerned the usefulness of the parties implicated is gone.

## THE POVERTY PLEA.

Montreal Herald.

Hon. George E. Foster says he is a poor man. Shakespeare would have agreed with him. "He who riches from me my good name robs me of that which . . . leaves me poor indeed."

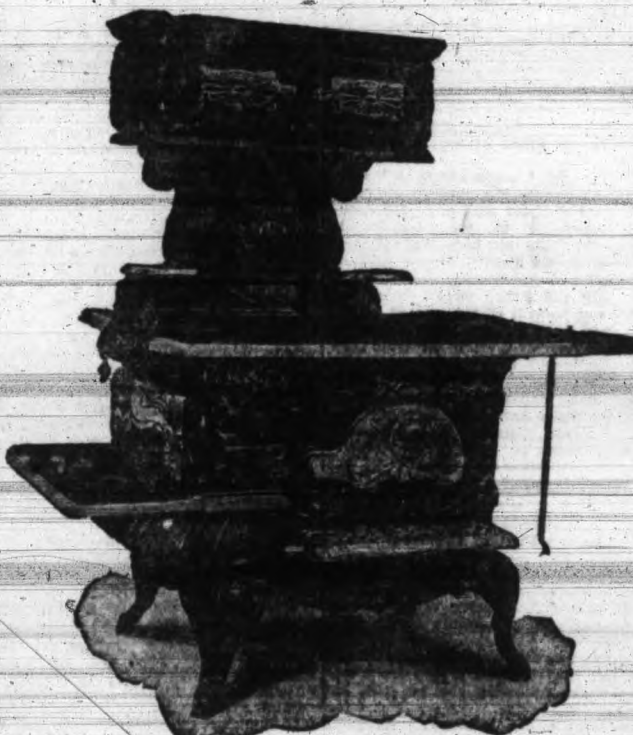
**David Spencer Ltd.**  
WESTERN CANADA'S BIG STORE

# A New Department For Our Big Department Store

To-day we add a new Department to our Establishment of Many Successes. We realize that a department solely devoted to the supervision and execution of House Painting, House Decoration, and The Home Beautiful, would fill a long felt want. To this end we have secured the services of Paul Beygrau, the well-known decorator, who is now in charge. Our new departure will mean much to all who desire artistic effects in the Home, as well as Comfort. It is our purpose to furnish your residence with every requirement that the skill of the trained Decorator may suggest. It will be our aim not only to give estimates and contract for exterior decoration and house painting, but also to study the most harmonious effects in interiors. The decorator will call upon you in your home at any time; will furnish you with special designs and estimates, as you may direct, absolutely free of charge. He will aid you by suggestion in your selection of carpets and furniture, and will assist you in carrying out any particular color scheme for the most satisfactory results that his art can conceive.

## Where Shall We Go For Our New Range and Heaters?

Could anything be more timely than the fact that as Winter Weather is approaching we switch the Lighthouse of Public Interest toward our splendid stock of Ranges, Stoves and Heaters?



Our New Venture in Stoves, made in Victoria, at right prices, as proved such an unqualified success (to our own satisfaction, and to our many grateful customers), that by selling our Ranges and Stoves at a very small margin of profit, right from the foundry, we give our guarantee for satisfaction. We do not want your money.

Our temporary Show Rooms, 81 Douglas Street, near Yates.

The CORONATION RANGE is positively the most economic range before the public to-day. It is furnished with duplex grates, reversible for wood or coal, or with the ordinary flat grate, when wood only is used. It is a splendid baker, and maintains an even heat, without special attention.

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Oven, 20x22 1/2x12 1/2, fire box for wood, 25 1/2.

Our drawing shows the Coronation Range with warming closet attachments. Price, \$38.00 and \$42.00. Add for reservoirs (easily adjusted), \$10.00.

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Many other well known designs and styles on view.

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19x15x22 inches deep. Price, \$11.50.

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Flat bottom style in two sizes only, \$1.25, \$1.35 each.

Coffee Pots with enamel handles and covers in five sizes:

1 1/2 quart, 90c.

2 quart, 95c.

3 quart, 75c.

4 quart, 75c.

5 quart, 90c.

Tea Pots, tall shape, enamel handles and covers, in five sizes:

1 1/2 quart, 45c.

1 quart, 50c.

2 1/2 quart, 60c.

2 quart, 75c.

3 quart, 75c.

Tea Pots, globe shape (seamless bodies) enamel covers and handles in three sizes:

1 1/2 quart, 60c.

1 quart, 65c.

1 1/2 quart, 75c.

Cream Jugs, seamless bodies, 5c. and 45c.

Tea Strainers with handle, will pour from size.

Plat sizes, 25c.

Quart sizes, 40c.

Sugar Bowl with handles, small size, 50c.

Child's Three Piece Tea Set, including cup, saucer and plate, 35c.

Dish Pans, assorted (5) sizes: 8 quart, 75c.; 10 quart, 90c.; 14 quart, \$1.00; 17 quart, \$1.15; 21 quart, \$1.35.

Cullenders (handled) mottled inside and out, 50c.

Mixing Bowls, 11 1/2 inch width, 65c.; 10 inch, 45c.

Pudding Bowls, deep round, 3 sizes, 25c., 30c., 35c.

Deep Flat Bottom Pudding Pans, round, 5 sizes, 20c., 25c., 30c., 35c., 40c.

Shallow Oblong Flat Bottomed Pudding Pan, 4 sizes, 25c. to 40c.

Sink Strainers, will stand or hang, 45c.

Dippers, long handles, 35c.



Pins—"The Birmingham" Steel Pins, 2 1/2c. paper.

Pins—"Eclipse" Brass Pins, 5c. paper.

Pins—"Queen's Own," best English pins, 10c.

Pins—"Kitty Boards" Pins, 5c., 10c. and 12 1/2c. paper.

Tape in bundles of 12 assorted sizes, 10c., 15c., 25c. each.

Hair Pins, assorted paper, 2 1/2c. each.

The Monster box 100 assorted hair pins, 5c.

Scientific, Go Head and Retinto, 5c. box.

Mending Wool, 5c. and 10c. skein.

Mending Cotton, black, white and tan, 3 balls for 10c.

Kil Hair Cutters, 5c., 10c. and 15c. package.

Beatrice Hair Cutters, 5c. box for 18 curlers.

Safety Pins, Serviceable and Conqueror. Sizes, 1, 2, 3, 5c. a card of 12 pins.

The Clinton Best Nickel Plate Pins, 1, 2, 3, 5c.; 3, 10c.; 4, 10c. card.

Featherbone Cotton Covered, 30c. yard.

Featherbone Silk Covered, 20c. yard.

Collar Bone, 5c. and 8c. yard.

Dress Bindings—The trim velvet with broad edge—all colors, 5c. yard.

Plain Braid Bindings, 3c. yard.

Hooks and Eyes, 2 1/2c. card, best quality, 5c. card.

Basting Thread Spools, 1,000 yards, 10c. spool.

Klostersilk on spools, a silk and cotton mixture, all shades, 5c. spool.

Prussian Bindings, 50c. dozen.

8x18 Lute Binding, 50c. dozen.

Hendace Cologne, 20c.

Perfume of all odors at exceedingly low price.

## Mere Man's Necessary Needs

A well groomed man knows the value of a good glove, and how unfinished his attire is without them. Men's gloves are always popular, and "The Driver," a heavy tan, dogskin, is exceedingly popular at \$1.50.

The "West End," a medium weight, in the dark shades of tan are in demand at the same figure, \$1.50.

"Spencer's Special," is a tan dogskin glove and a great seller, \$1.00.

We have a full stock of silk lined Mocha's in dark browns and tan, \$1.75 and \$2.50.

## A Cut in Toilet Articles For Thursday's Selling

100 Boxes Fine Toilet Soap, Regular price, 15c.; for 10c. per box.

100 Boxes Choice Toilet Soap; worth 20c. per box, 2 boxes for 35c.

50 Boxes Colgate Popular, at 25c. per box.

100 Bottles of Perfume, assorted odors, Regular price, 15c.; for 10c.

8 Ounce Bottle of Florida Water, 10c.

8 Ounce Bottle of Violet Toilet Water, 10c.

4 Ounce Bottle of Violet Toilet Water, at 45c.



## No Use Talking

About the other fellow's goods—it is free advertising for him, and non-productive for you. The public forms its opinion from the way you present the goods. Do this concisely and convincingly, just as if you were talking with your buyer in the store. Then you will have made one long stride toward success.

Lord Bacon once said: "The secret of success lies not in doing many things, but in doing a few things well."

Advertising is the vital part of every mercantile business. "DO THIS ONE THING WELL" and get it before the eyes of your patrons in the surest and most inexpensive way, i. e., the columns of

## THE TIMES

VICTORIA'S HOME PAPER.

## THE DAILY TIMES

Published every day (except Sunday) by The Times Printing & Publishing Co.

JOHN McBRIDE, Managing Director.

Office: 26 Broad Street.

Telephone: 45.

Reportorial Rooms: 45.

Business Office: 45.

Daily, one month, by carrier: \$3.00.

Daily, by mail, per annum: \$36.00.

Twice-a-Week Times, per annum: \$18.00.

Special Eastern-Canadian Representative, H. V. Kahle, Rooms 115-117 Mail Bldg., Toronto.

The DAILY TIMES is on sale at the following places in Victoria:

Army & Navy Cigar Store, cor. Government and Bastion.

George's Cigar Store, Douglas Street.

Emery's Cigar Store, 25 Government St.

Victoria News Co., Ltd., 38 Yates St.

Victoria Book & Stationery Co., 51 Gov't.

T. N. Hibben & Co., 59 Government St.

A. Edwards, 51 Yates St.

J. C. Hyatt, Gov't and Frounce Alley.

George Marsden, cor. Yates and Gov't.

W. Wilby, 21 Douglas St.

Mrs. Crook, Victoria West Post Office.

Pope Stationery Co., 119 Government St.

Redding, Craigflower Bld., Victoria W.

J. T. McDonald, Oak Bay Junction.

F. G. Pell, Beaumont P. O.

Mrs. Colburn, Oak Bay.

A. Schroeder, Menzies and Michigan Sts.

Mrs. Talbot, Cook and Pandora Sts.

Mrs. Marshall, George Hotel, at the George.

C. Hanbury, Savoy Cigar Store, Gov't.

Neil Macdonald, East End Grocery, cor. Foul and Oak Bay Ave.

A. Adams, Stanley Ave. and Cadboro Bay Road.

F. Le Roy, Palace Cigar Store, Gov't St.

W. Graham, 111 Port St.

R. W. Buller's News Stand, C.P.R. Dock, Str. Princess Victoria.

E. & N. Trains.

C. P. R. Trains.

The TIMES is also on sale at the following places:

Seattle-Hotel Seattle News Stand.

Rainier Grand Hotel News Stand.

Vancouver-Norman-Cable & Co., 687 Granville Street.

New Westminster-J. J. McKay.

H. Morley & Co.

Dawson-Bennett News Co.

Roseland-M. M. Simpson.

White Horse-Y. J. Bennett News Co.

Portland-Oregon-News Co., 16 Sixth Street.

Kansas City-Mo.-American News Co.

## A GENERAL MOVEMENT.

It has been argued, until lately very persistently, by a leading organ of public opinion in Victoria, that owing to the "unnatural" state of society, produced by a pernicious system of education, it is essential in the interests of British Columbia that an inferior race shall be admitted within our boundaries to meet the demand for "servile" laborers. This propaganda has had strong support from certain quarters; but it has been suddenly dropped, and the only indication of it that remains is hidden away in the files of a contemporary of uncertain humor. This may be accepted as a judicious inclination of the head to the sentiments of the public-at-large. And in connection with this subject it is significant that all the potential nations of the British Empire are in absolute harmony on this rather troublesome question of racial incompatibility. Australia has effectively barred out all classes of people whose assimilation with the dominant race is impossible. The constitution of the new Transvaal "National" Association, which has been published, illustrates the sentiments of our South African brethren. It advocates the principles of federation, the abolition of racialism, cheaper means of living, co-operation with the Boers, fair treatment of natives, complete self-government, no further importation of Chinese, and repatriation of those now in South Africa on the expiration of their contracts. The constitution is issued with a manifesto which points out that South Africans have to make a white nation fit to take its place beside the Canadian and Australian nations. It urges the elimination of racial prejudice from practical politics, and expresses the conviction that an overwhelming body of public opinion of both races favors a truly national policy. The general principles of the association include self-government in all internal and domestic affairs, with effective control of railway policy, native affairs, and questions affecting Asiatics in the Transvaal. Legislation is suggested embodying a reform of the mining and company laws in order to secure to the people a larger share in the mineral wealth of the country and to afford more adequate protection to investors. With regard to the Chinese, the manifesto refuses to consent to their remaining in the country as free laborers, and advocates legislation to prevent the renewal of Chinese con-

tracts, the association being convinced that sufficient natives can be obtained, but that effective steps to secure them will only be taken when made absolutely necessary by legislation.

## THE EASTERN VIEW.

It has been claimed that all the newspapers of the East are antagonistic to the idea of granting British Columbia "better terms." That is not true. It is true of some of the leading Conservative newspapers, such as the Montreal Gazette and the Montreal Star. Many leading Liberal newspapers have spoken in decidedly sympathetic terms of the claims of this province, and there is no reason to doubt that if such claims were presented fairly and reasonably to the federal ministers and to the public of the East they would receive earnest consideration and just treatment. But what can be expected when a blundering burlesquer intent only on raising an election cry goes to Ottawa and for his own selfish reasons creates antagonism in all quarters? The Ottawa correspondent of the Toronto Globe writes as follows of the proceedings of the conference:

For the last two days Mr. McBride has stood alone in the conference. To a man the rest of the delegates were arrayed against him. Mr. McBride would listen to no compromise. He wanted all or nothing, thinking nothing of the interests of the other provinces, but wholly of himself. So angry were the rest of the delegates with his obstinacy that they would have declined to recommend any special consideration for British Columbia at all had it not been for the federal ministers, who urged patience. Finally owing to their influence, the conference passed a resolution recommending an annual payment to British Columbia of \$100,000 for ten years over and above what the other provinces were receiving. At one time had he been conciliatory, the British Columbia Premier might have got double that amount. On the passage of this resolution Mr. McBride, as if disgusted by the smallness of the amount, said: "Gentlemen, I withdraw from the conference," and, turning on his heel, walked out. This left every other delegate in a white heat of indignation, and one Conservative Premier said with considerable emphasis: "Mr. McBride has been neither frank nor candid."

## INSPIRING JAPS.

The Japanese descent upon our coast is undoubtedly one of the most mysterious things that ever happened. Our island contemporaries on the other side of the Pacific are, beyond question, a bold race. They are keen after adventure. The reaction from their remarkably successful war with Russia has about passed away, and it appears as if this enterprising Asiatic race were eager for further opportunities of letting the world see what they are capable of in the way of "derring do." They are different from almost all the other nations of the world in that they have to pass through the period of belligerency which ordinarily leads up to a final submission into the peaceful pursuits of life. Europe, the more aggressive parts of Asia, and America, have all passed through the stages of blood-letting which in certain racial natures appears to be essential to the final adoption of a peaceful, plodding, materially profitable existence. The Japanese may be said to be just beginning their career. As a nation they have found themselves. It would not be at all surprising if circumstances should prove that they do not know exactly what to do with themselves now they have taken their own measure. They are a martial race; they are studying the history of the great aggressive races of the Occident and the Orient who have preceded them; and it may be that their leading spirits will adopt a programme of emulation; and there is a possibility that the execution of such a programme would set all the world by the ears.

Our American neighbors affect to be amused at the thought of the little fellows squaring up to them. The Russians were also greatly diverted at what they termed the insolence of the bearded barbarians. They told of what they would do if they were forced to act. The islanders said little; but they were evidently willing to enter in a preliminary round against the forces of "civilization." No Occidental, versed or unversed in the arts of war, had any doubt as to the ultimate result. The experts were an exception. The virility of the Orient was too much for the nation whose vital forces had been sapped by years of internal abuses.

After such an experience it is not surprising that the Japs are aspiring. They will not stand any nonsense from rival powers who would assume the role of regulators of their activities. They resent the manner in which the American guardians of the seal rookeries treated their sailors. They may not have what international law would characterize as a good case against the United States. But they are evidently "nursing" their wrath to keep it "warm." They are treasuring up their grievance. Public feeling has been aroused. Our neighbors doubtless regard their Oriental neighbor as an "amooosin' little cuss." But it might be wise to treat him with courtesy and consideration for the time will come, if it is not already here, when he will have the power, as he now has the will, to make trouble. However, the sentiments of the Japs

anese towards Americans do not explain the mystery of that descent upon our coast.

## THE BRITISH ARE SO SLOW.

The Briton is slow, no doubt, and sometimes hard to move from well-worn grooves. In some matters we are told he lags behind in the race of international progress. All these propositions we accept with humility—and with certain reservations. Because we notice that all the inventors in the world of scientific mechanics stood afar off in acclamation while the British engineer labored to perfect the marine turbine engine. Parsons plodded along in experimentation until he advanced the turbine from a toy in the Turbina to the more or less perfect marvel it is to-day in the largest and the fastest-sailing warship afloat, the Dreadnought. Now it is safe to say the position of the turbine in the marine world has been permanently established, as it is announced that warships even larger than the Dreadnought are to be constructed by the Imperial government, the improved motive power having demonstrated that it is suitable to all the requirements in driving and manoeuvring vessels of the highest class.

Naturally Germany expresses her displeasure that she has been left behind in the race for naval supremacy. Great Britain has taken advantage of her under the plea of naval disarmament, with the result illustrated in the Dreadnought and the greater warships that are to be speedily constructed and to follow her into the water. The American naval constructors would have nothing to do with turbines; they had not been proved and they were defective when the real test, that of rapid manoeuvring was applied. Now it is announced that recently reports have reached the department at Washington touching the performance of the great British battleship Dreadnought that have inclined the constructors to reverse their judgment in the case of turbines, and it is stated at the department to be entirely probable that such engines will be proposed in the plans for the great 20,000-ton battleship which must be submitted to congress by its direction at the next session. Details of the construction of the Dreadnought, guarded as a state secret for two years, are coming to light, and they show that the objection against the turbine on the point of manoeuvring capacity has been overcome. This was accomplished by equipping the big ship with four separate propeller shafts, and with the two great rudders, one behind the other, giving great power of steering. Intimations have been received from some American shipbuilders that with the experience gained in the recent construction of merchant ships and yachts equipped with turbines the cost of these engines can be considerably reduced. Yes; John Bull is slow, but he still gives some useful purposes in the world.

The London ladies who are determined to force the government to give them votes are apparently going to make the "external" proceedings of Parliament interesting during the present session. Lively times were expected inside the House because of the doubtful attitude of certain elements of which the government party is composed and the announced determination of the extreme wings to bring matters to a definite issue. But the suffragettes have created a diversion which may impress the divergent elements with the foolishness and futility of internecine strife. And yet family feuds are always bitter; quarrels within a household invariably the most difficult to settle.

Is it the hand of the "wee mannie" we see in these "spontaneous demonstrations" that are being worked up in honor of the hero who is reported to be on his way home from Ottawa? Or is it the chief of the "wee ane," the Great Man who distributes terminal townships (the property of the public) to his male and female favorites, who is organizing "non-partisan" welcomes all through the province to the bold partner in his misdeeds?

One Liberal defeats another Liberal in the county of Quebec, and the Conservative correspondents rejoice greatly. Until such time as Conservatives gain the courage necessary to nominate party candidates the country will be quite safe—and for a long time after.

Toronto Star: The Hindoos keep flocking into British Columbia, and Bill Gallier, M. P., has about made up his mind to import a thousand Bengal tigers to give them something to do that will not interfere with white labor.

## SIMPLE STEAL.

Ottawa Journal.

As the evidence goes at present it was a simple steal from his partners (and they were using Foresters' money) by Fowler and those who knowingly shared it with him, of whom Pope is indicated as one. There may possibly be something yet to come out regarding the complicated facts to exhibit some or all of the parties concerned in a better light; but it is difficult to see how, unless there are new developments. We would imagine that so far as public life is concerned the usefulness of the parties implicated is gone.

## THE POVERTY PLEA.

Montreal Herald.

Hon. George E. Foster says he is a poor man. Shakespeare would have agreed with him. "He who fishes from me my good name robs me of that which . . . leaves me poor indeed."

## David Spencer Ltd.

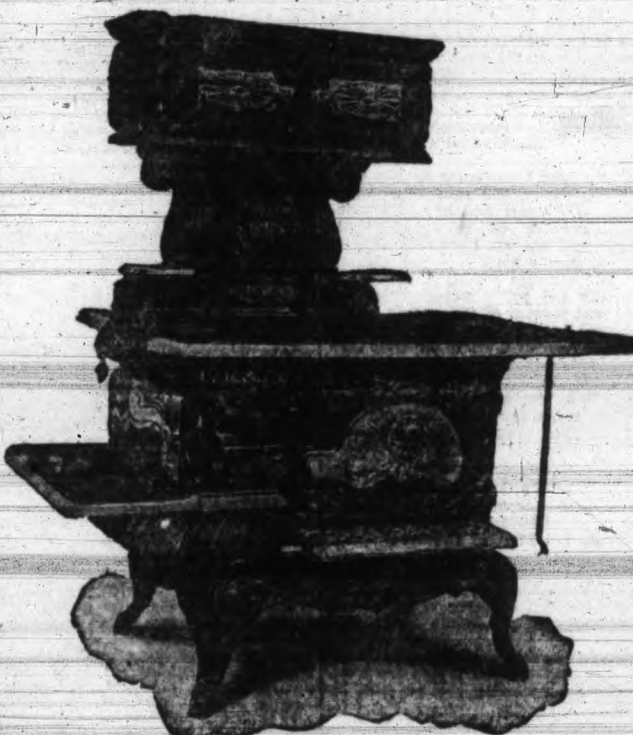
WESTERN CANADA'S BIG STORE

## A New Department For Our Big Department Store

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Flat-bottom style in two sizes only, \$1.25, \$1.35 each.  
Coffee Pots with enamel handles and covers in five sizes: 1 1/2 quart, 65c; 2 quart, 75c; 3 quart, 90c; 4 quart, 1.00; 5 quart, 1.10.  
Tea Pots, tall shape, enamel handles and covers, in five sizes: 1 1/2 quart, 65c; 2 quart, 75c; 3 quart, 90c; 4 quart, 1.00; 5 quart, 1.10.

2 quart, 75c; 3 quart, 75c.  
Tea Pots, globe shape (seamless bodies) enamel covers and handles in three sizes: 1 1/2 quart, 65c; 2 quart, 75c; 3 quart, 90c.  
Cream Jugs, seamless bodies, 25c, and 45c.  
Tea Steepers with handle, will pour from size: Pint sizes, 25c; Quart sizes, 40c.  
Sugar Bowl with handles, small size, 50c.  
Child's Three Piece Tea Set, including cup, saucer and plate, 35c.

Dish Pans, assorted (5) sizes: 8 quart, 75c; 10 quart, 90c; 14 quart, \$1.00; 17 quart, \$1.15; 21 quart, \$1.25.  
Cullenders (handled) mottled inside and out, 50c.  
Mixing Bowls, 1 1/2 inch width, 65c; 10 inch, 45c.  
Pudding Bowls, deep round, 3 sizes, 15c, 20c, 25c.  
Deep Flat Bottom Pudding Pans, round, 5 sizes, 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c, 40c.  
Shallow Oblong Flat Bottomed Pudding Pan, 4 sizes, 25c to 40c.  
Sink Strainers, will stand or hang, 45c.  
Dippers, long handles, 35c.

Skimmers, flat handles, 30c.  
Sauce Pans, deep covered, with improved round handles, seven sizes: 1 quart, 25c; 3 quart, 40c; 5 quart, 45c; 7 quart, 50c; 10 quart, 55c; 15 quart, 65c; 20 quart, 75c.  
Sauce Pans, shallow covered, with improved handle, 1 quart, 35c; 3 quart, 40c; 4 quart, 45c; 5 quart, 50c; 6 quart, 55c.  
Toilet Ewers, 75c and \$1.00.  
Toilet Wash Basins, 3 sizes, 25c, 45c, 50c.  
Flat Soap Dishes with drainers, 15c.  
Hanger Soap Dishes, 20c.  
Bath Tub Hanger Soap Dishes, 25c.  
Rice or Double Boilers, 8 sizes, \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50.



Pins—"The Birmingham" Steel Pins, 2 1/2c. paper.

Pins—"Eclipse" Brass Pins, 5c. paper.

Pins—"Queen's Own," best English pins, 15c.

Pins—Kirby Beards Pins, 5c, 10c and 12 1/2c. paper.  
Tape in bundles of 12 assorted sizes, 10c, 15c, 25c, each.  
Hair Pins, assorted paper, 2 1/2c. each.  
The Monster box 100 assorted hair pins, 5c.  
Scientific, Go Head and Retino, 5c. box.  
Mending Wool, 5c, and 10c, skein.  
Mending Cotton, black, white and tan, 3 balls for 10c.  
Kid Hair Curlers, 5c, 10c, and 15c. package.  
Beatrice Hair Curlers, 5c. box for 15 curls.  
Safety Pins, Serviceable and Conqueror, Sizes, 1, 2, 3, 5c. a card of 12 pins.  
The Clinton Best Nickel Plate Pins, 1, 5c; 2, 8c; 3, 10c; 4, 10c. card.  
Featherbone Cotton Covered, 10c. yard.  
Featherbone Silk Covered, 20c. yard.  
Collar Bone, 5c. and 8c. yard.  
Dress Bindings—The trim velvet with braid edge—all colors, 5c. yard.  
Plain Braid Bindings, 3c. yard.

Hooks and Eyes, 2 1/2c. card, best quality, 5c. card.  
Basting Thread Spools, 1,000 yards, 10c. spool.  
Klostersilk on spools, a silk and cotton mixture, all shades, 5c. spool.  
Prussian Bindings, 50c. dozen.  
Silk Lute Binding, 50c. dozen.

Headache-Cologne, 20c.  
Perfume of all odors at exceedingly low price.

## Mere Man's Necessary Needs

A well groomed man knows the value of a good glove, and how unfinished his attire is without them. Men's gloves are always popular, and "The Driver," a heavy tan, dogskin, is exceedingly popular at \$1.50.  
The "West End," a medium weight, in the dark shades of tan are in demand at the same figure, \$1.50.  
"Spencer's Special," is a tan dogskin glove and a great seller, \$1.00.  
We have a full stock of silk lined Mocha's in dark browns and tan, \$1.75 and \$2.50.

## A Cut in Toilet Articles For Thursday's Selling

100 Boxes Fine Toilet Soap, Regular price, 15c; for 10c. per box.  
100 Boxes Choice Toilet Soap; worth 20c. per box, 2 boxes for 25c.  
50 Boxes Colgate Popular, at 25c. per box.  
100 Bottles of Perfume, assorted odors, Regular price, 15c; for 10c.  
8 Ounce Bottle of Florida Water, 10c.  
8 Ounce Bottle of Violet Toilet Water, at 10c.  
4 Ounce Bottle of Violet Toilet Water, at 40c.











Do you appreciate what a splendid tonic you have in

## Abbey's Effer-Salt

You can depend on it to take away the bad effects of fatigue, brain fog, poor blood and build up a run-down system.

25c. and 50c. bottles. At Druggists

### MAJOR MACFARLANE ACQUITTED AT DUNCANS

Was Charged With Unlawfully Killing a Bull, the Property of L. W. Garnett.

The case of Rex vs. MacFarlane was heard at Duncans on Wednesday last before Judge Harrison. The charge was for unlawfully killing a bull, the property of L. W. Garnett on July 11th. The crown was represented by H. D. Helmecken, K. C. S. Perry Mills, K. C. appeared for the accused, Major MacFarlane.

Provincial Constable A. Nightingale was the first witness examined for the prosecution. He deposed to receiving a message from Mr. Garnett who told him that a bull, his property, had been shot by Major MacFarlane. He went to Mr. Garnett's and saw the bull dead. The bull had a small wound in its side such as might have been caused by a bullet. There was no blood about or on it. He went to Major MacFarlane and told him he was directed to make inquiries about the matter. Major MacFarlane made a statement. He did not tell him that he was inquiring as a police constable. He went on a subsequent occasion to ask for further information, and Major MacFarlane declined to give him any more than what he had already told him as he heard there were proceedings being taken against him.

On cross-examination, Constable Nightingale admitted having told Major MacFarlane that there were no proceedings against him so far as he was aware. He did not think it necessary to warn Major MacFarlane before questioning him about the shooting.

Mr. Mills commented very severely upon the manner in which the constable obtained information from Major MacFarlane in order to frame a criminal charge against him.

Mr. Garnett, the owner of the bull, deposed to seeing the dead body, and said it was always quiet and docile. He went to Major MacFarlane, who at once admitted he had shot at the bull, but said he did so in self-defence. He deposed that he was in the field, which Major MacFarlane refused to pay or to pay anything. He went to Victoria and consulted a lawyer, and afterwards communicated with the police.

George Frayne corroborated the evidence of Garnett, after which W. H. Hawkins was called. His evidence was very contradictory.

Stewart was examined as to a conversation he had with Major MacFarlane on the 16th of May last, but the judge held that this evidence was inadmissible.

For the defence D. Chapman deposed that he knew this bull and considered him dangerous and related his experience with him on the road, the animal obstructing his path when he was riding on horseback.

Frank Chapman, father of the last witness, also deposed to the bull being dangerous; also that he was a continual nuisance for some time, which ceased on July 11th. He saw the bull chasing two boys down the road on one occasion.

Jack MacFarlane said that on June 28th he and his father (Major MacFarlane) were hauling hay. About 5 o'clock in the evening he heard his little sister Eva calling out, and heard the bull bellowing. She was on a log seven or eight feet from the ground, the bull underneath. His father ran with a pitch fork and drove the bull away. The bull was often around and broke into the night pasture several times. The bull chased him and young Hawkins one evening when they were bringing their cows home. He drove him away with his dog and stones.

Major MacFarlane, the accused, who was not allowed to give evidence at the preliminary hearing, produced his commission in the 3rd Dragoon Guards, his commission of the peace for county Dublin, Ireland, and commissioner of the peace for the N. W. T., Canada. He was then sworn. He corroborated his son's account of the attack on his little girl on June 30th, and declared that had she slipped off the log she would most certainly have been killed by this furious bull. On the morning of July 11th before 6 o'clock his son George called to him that there were cattle at the hay stack. He ran out in his night shirt and found two bulls and a cow. One of the bulls, the white one, ran at him. He called to his boy to bring him his trousers and boots. He put them on and again tried to drive the cattle out. The white bull ran at him again and he ran to the house and got his rifle. He succeeded with the assistance of his dog and with stones in getting the animal out of his crop into a slashing. The white bull turned on him again there and when it was charging him he fired at a distance of twenty-one feet. The bull turned and made off and he ran up towards the road. He fired another shot when a few yards from the road to attract the dog's attention. The dog responded and drove out the other bull and the cow. Hawkins came up and spoke to him and then passed on, and a few minutes after the white bull trotted out of the lower end of the slashing and went down the road. He saw him no more.

Mr. Helmecken cross-examined this witness at considerable length.

Robert Frayne testified to the bull breaking through a barbed wire fence into his land on two occasions, and from his behaviour then he considered him dangerous.

Judge Harrison in delivering judgment went over the evidence in a very painstaking manner, and went into all the facts disclosed in the hearing of the case and the law as applicable to this and similar cases at very considerable length. He commented upon the two different versions of the story given by the witness, W. H. Hawkins, and proceeded to review other points in the case. Regarding the act prohibiting bulls to run at large, and the non-observance of this act, he said: "If this man (Garnett) had observed the law and kept his bull at home he would not be here to-day trying to swear his neighbor into the penitentiary for fourteen years."

In giving judgment his honor said that no evidence whatever had been placed before him as to the cause of death. The only evidence was that there was a small wound on the side and no blood to be seen. No examination had been made. In order to arrive at a conclusion as to whether the shooting was justifiable or not we must put ourselves in the position of the accused under the circumstances. If he considered himself in danger he had a right to defend himself. His honor concluded by pronouncing his decision, acquitting the accused.

TRAFFALGAR DAY WAS FITTINGLY CELEBRATED

Patriotic Addresses and Music Given at Meeting Under Auspices of Navy League.

Under the auspices of the local branch of the Navy League the anniversary of the battle of Trafalgar was fittingly celebrated last evening in the Y. M. C. A. rooms. The hall was very appropriately decorated, and occupying a prominent place in the decorations was the memorable signal of Nelson at the battle, "England expects that every man this day will do his duty."

The meeting was a public one and the attendance was fair. In consequence of Mayor Morley being called away from the city on civic business, Senator Macdonald took the chair, and after a short address, bearing in some measure upon Lord Nelson's career and times, called upon W. J. Dowler for a song, and "The Empress of the Seas" was rendered in pleasing style, eliciting an encore.

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A. J. Brace delivered a stirring and patriotic address, making fitting allusion to the Nelson signal, "England expects that every man this day will do his duty," which by an arrangement of the hon. secretary of the league was displayed in bunting on the walls of the room surmounting the Union Jack.

Alderman Douglas delighted the audience with cornet solos from Verdi, whilst Captain Walbran recalled incidents in the life and work of Lord Nelson, derived from private family papers in the possession of His Excellency Earl Minto, late governor general of Canada.

Captain Fleet made mention of the more recent doings of the admiralty in the disposal of the fleets and squadrons of the empire, and A. E. McPhillips, K. C., delivered a patriotic address.

Joseph Pearson followed with an appeal to all loyal Britishers to bestir themselves and awake to a sense of the duty which devolves upon all to see that the present ill-judged craze for economy in the British House of Commons is not allowed to pass unchallenged. He called attention to certain European ambitions which did not harmonize with British sentiment and should not be lost sight of by the imperial authorities. He considered that there never was a time, when the watch dog operations of the Navy League were more needed than the present, and whilst deploring the almost unparliamentary apathy of his fellow-workers and committeemen of this branch of the league, moved a hearty vote of thanks to all who had aided by taking part in this celebration, which was responded to by Senator Macdonald. The meeting closed by the hearty singing of "God Save the King."

LACK OF COKE.

Smelters in the Interior Feel Effects of the Strike Now on at Fernie.

Manager Hodges, of the Granby Consolidated, recently visited the Crow's Nest Pass coal mines in order to look into the coke situation for himself. With the continuing of the strike in the coal mines there the smelters are finding it difficult to continue work. This is but the usual result of a strike in collieries. Other industries dependent upon the product of the mines are cut off from a supply, and in consequence they are made to suffer, though not directly responsible.

Manager Hodges, interviewed after returning from the collieries, said: "Were copper down to 12 cents a pound as it was a few years ago I dare say we would have to close down the Granby mines and smelter as tight as a drum; but with copper at 21 cents a pound, the highest price it has commanded for half a century, we cannot afford to do any such thing. I blew out two of our eight furnaces when the strike started, but within a week you may say, I will have the whole eight running again, even if I have to pay a higher price for my coke."

"Is there any hope from Fernie, you ask? No, there is not. It is a good thing that copper is as high as it is or else the whole countryside would have to shut down just because mine manager and union boss want to have a real good scrap. I have just been up to Fernie, and have talked with both sides, with President Sherman and with Manager Drinnan, and I could get no satisfaction from either. I am back sadder and perhaps wiser man. What the rights of the case are I don't know. Many of the men seem to have it in for Sherman, or for the local president, but they all seem to say that now the fight has started they have got to see it through. Both sides thoroughly distrust each other. The union men say that while certain officials are at the mine there will always be trouble, and on the other hand the officials declare that just as long as the men are run for losses in smelting. Then there is

San Domingo Revolt.

Negotiations Between Government and Rebel Forces Have Been Resumed.

Washington, Oct. 23.—Advices were received to-day to the effect that the negotiations for peace between the government and rebel forces in the neighborhood of Monte Christi, San Domingo, which were recently broken off, have been resumed with every prospect of success, and that the immediate disarmament of the rebels is promised.

An Australian flower of the hibiscus species is often used as a blacking, the juice squeezed from four blossoms giving enough liquid to coat a shoe with a fine lustre.

The purest and most healthful confection, and a dainty food.

COWAN'S MILK CHOCOLATE

Croquettes, Wafers, Medallions, etc

Cowan's Cream Bars

Sold everywhere throughout the Dominion.

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ANCIENT AND MODERN HEALING BALMS.

NOT only did the maidens of ancient Greece and Rome anoint their skin with healing balms to preserve its youthful freshness and softness, but their warriors and gladiators also used secret balms for the healing of their wounds. These fine races fully appreciated the great influence which the condition of the skin has on general health. You don't neglect your teeth! Why neglect your skin? Roughness, redness, scaling sores, pimples, blackheads—all these, apart from cuts, bruises and skin disease, such as eczema, etc., yield to the modern herbal balm, Zam-Buk. Think how the condition of your skin affects your general health! According to Sir Erasmus Wilson, the pores by which perspiration is carried on average 3,528 to the square inch of skin surface. On your body you have a total of over two millions! These glands, placed together, would make an orifice twice the size of the human mouth. Little wonder, therefore, that a diseased skin has a bad effect on the general health. Little wonder, too, that Zam-Buk, the well-known skin cure, by cleansing the pores and dispelling disease, improves bodily health. It is, as a healer of cuts, burns, bruises, ulcers, wounds in general, and all skin diseases, however, that Zam-Buk is seen at its best. Whoever watches the healing of a wound or sore with Zam-Buk is face to face with one of Nature's greatest wonders. The healing process thus set in motion is nothing but a phenomenon of regeneration—a natural process of replacing destroyed tissues by new ones. The antiseptic substances contained in Zam-Buk first attack and kill off the microbes or germs that are the cause of inflammation or disease, and then the healing ingredients proceed to build up new tissue to replace that which has been damaged or lost. New cells appear like a builder extending a new row of houses; the whole of the wounded area is gradually over-lapped, and soon it is difficult to tell where the injury has been, so perfect and complete is the growth of the new skin. For the cure of all skin injuries and diseases stick to nature! use Zam-Buk—the natural herbal balm.

## ZAM-BUK PROVED IN CANADIAN HOMES. PROOF OF ITS MANY VARIED USES.

### CURED BABY'S ECZEMA.

"My baby had a rash on its skin something like eczema," says Mrs. J. Reesor, of Aurora, in telling of what Zam-Buk had done in her family. "I decided to try Zam-Buk and obtained a supply. This I used as directed, and after a few applications an improvement was observable. I persevered and in a short time the child was quite cured. This cure by Zam-Buk was worked after I had tried many other salves and ointments without any benefit whatever. I also tried Zam-Buk for a burn and it took the fire out of it at once. Altogether I believe Zam-Buk to be an excellent balm, capable of doing all that is claimed for it."

### CURED A DEEP CUT.

Mrs. H. E. Parks of Washago, Ont., writes:—"My husband had a nasty fall in which he sustained a deep gash in his chin. I applied some Zam-Buk and it was healing nicely when our supply was finished. I sent for a fresh supply and continued the treatment. I never saw anything heal quicker in my life than this wound did when Zam-Buk was applied. As a healing ointment I think it has no equal. I also proved Zam-Buk excellent for chapped and sore hands."

Zam-Buk is a cure for:—Eczema, ulcers, ring-worm, abscesses, boils, pimples, eruptions, scalding sores, cuts, burns, bruises, insect stings, inflamed patches, bad legs, running sores, piles, scalp sores, chafings, sore feet, and for all injured or diseased conditions of the skin. It is also an excellent embrocation, and cures rheumatism, stiffness, sciatica, etc.

Of all druggists at 50 cents a box, or post free upon receipt of price from the Zam-Buk Co., 58 Colborne St., Toronto.



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AT 11 A. M.

Including: Fired Cartridge Cases, Cartridge Boxes, Rope (4, 3, 2, and 1 inch Manila and Tanned), Hammocks, Bunting Canvas, Old Copper and Brass, Hose and other goods too numerous to mention. The Warehouse Accessories and Bedding will be sold at a later date. Particulars in Sunday's paper.

The Auctioneer, STEWART WILLIAMS.

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Can now take orders for Coal and Wood for Messrs. Jensen & Coles, Douglas street. Prompt delivery.

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His whole stock, comprising: Plaster Casts, Patterns and Moulds, Ornamental Centre Pieces, Complete Sets Enamel Hearth Tiles, 1 Doric and 1 Corinthian Cup, \$2.00 worth of Sewer Pipe (Gart-craig, Glasgow), including Y's, T's, Double Y's and T's, 3 in. and 4 in. Traps, 6 in. to 4 in. Reducers and Increasers, 6 in. Gully Traps, 18" Traps, 3 in. to 4 in. Y Pipes, 6 in. Saddle Eyes, 3 in. 4 in. and 6 in. Bends, Drain Traps, Gratings, Grease Traps, Water Closets, Cisterns, 1 Large Tin Cabinet, fitted with 18 Roller Drawers, Desk, Chairs, Stove, etc.

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### Auction Sale

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AT 2 P. M. AND 7 P. M.

THE BIGGEST SALE EVER SECURED IN THE COURT.

We have received another big stock consisting of high-grade Jewellery, Watches, Rings, Chains, etc., which must be sold at once without any reserve. DON'T MISS THIS SALE.

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What Other People Think

MENTAL DYSPEPSIA.

To the Editor:—Few persons appear to take the trouble to criticize the "system of education" that obtains in our public schools. They send their boys and girls to school, and appear to think that their responsibility ends there. If we examine the long list of subjects supposed to be taught in the schools we arrive at the conclusion that for the practical purposes of life many of these could very well be dispensed with. Much time is required to gain even a smattering of all these studies, and education degenerates into a system of "cram," which is admirably calculated to distort and smother out any latent talent possessed by the pupil.

Mental dyspepsia is very common among the young people who have come under the influence of the cramming machine. The pupil who is forced to perform difficult feats of memorizing has little time or energy left for thinking. This individuality is paralyzed by the ceaseless "grind."

In this city ambitious children may be seen, day after day, studying from the time they return home from school till eleven at night, get up some "work" for them by the teacher. What time have these boys and girls for the recreation and play so essential for the health of growing children? A few years ago the people of the state of California did more than simply protest against the multitude of "home lessons." A bill was prepared and passed by the legislature providing that no pupil of the public schools, under the age of fifteen years, should be required to do any home study. The result has proved to be eminently satisfactory, and the general health of school children up to the age mentioned has materially improved. Why not abolish home lessons in our own schools, and cut out a number of the superfluous branches? When city merchants complain that boys who have passed through the schools cannot write an ordinary letter correctly or do sums in the elementary branches of arithmetic without mistakes, it appears to be time to dispense with some of the "trifles" and give due attention to what are known as the three R's.

W. F. B.

Victoria, Oct. 23rd.

BULLS AT LARGE.

To the Editor:—Might I ask your assistance in endeavoring to abate a very great nuisance, and a great source of danger for some time back, especially during the summer months, in the district of South Cowichan and Shawnigan? I allude to the running at large of bulls. This is an opportune time to agitate for a suppression of this nuisance, as the cattle trial at Duncan has just been held, and the bulls which have been "tried" my little daughter and would most undoubtedly have killed her had she slipped or fallen down through fright, the bull being right underneath her, bellowing and tearing up the ground, trying to get at her. I was, thank God, near enough to hear her cries for help and go to her assistance, or we can't tell what might have happened. This was the bull which was the subject of the trial. I did not know the owner until after the shooting, and then I applied for a summons. The stipendiary at Duncan refused to take my information until I requested him to give me his refusal in writing. This had the desired effect, and I took out a summons for the 23rd June, the day of the attack on my child, and another for the

11th July, the day of the shooting. The act prescribes a penalty not exceeding \$50. The defendant was fined \$250 for the offence and \$50 for the second offence.

The provincial constable announced that all we had to do about bulls was to report to him and he would see after them. Well, on 4th September I found a bull at large in my potatoes. I reported him and received a summons to attend and give evidence at Duncan, 15 miles by road. I drove up there and proved the case. The owner of the bull said that his bulls got out the day before and that he was in search of them and therefore he did not consider they were "at large." Now, most people would say this merely proved that they were at large two days instead of one. The stipendiary said, "This is a very difficult case. I shall give judgment next week." The judgment, when given, was \$250, this being the third offence. I applied for the very small amount laid down in section 571, Criminal Code, which is 75c per day for a witness and 10c per mile (one way). After waiting for over a month I was offered the meagre sum of 50 cents. "This is all that they will allow," said he. What farmer is going to give his day and horse's day for 50 cents?

It looks very much as if the police and their clique don't want to be bothered by carrying out the law regarding bulls. If it is not so, let them give a better reason. Apart from the danger, there is another question. How is a farmer to improve his breed of cattle with all these mongrels roaming about? Ordinary fences will not keep them out, and besides that, why should farmers not be able to let his cows run on his unfenced land? He cannot let them out or his breed will be contaminated, and if he keeps them in his unfenced grass is lost. The farmer who wishes to keep a pure bred class of cattle ought to be protected and encouraged; improving the cattle tends towards the betterment of the country. On the other hand, the busy, careless farmer who does not care a straw what his herd has, as they mostly cost him nothing, I say he ought to be compelled to obey the law and cease flooding the country with his rubbish and endangering the lives of his law-abiding neighbors.

I. F. LENOX MACFARLANE, Major.

WATER FILTRATION.

To the Editor:—Regarding the proposal to introduce a coagulant into the city water for the purpose of precipitating, as I believe, the vegetable matter therein, allow me to quote from the Scientific American of 20th September regarding the filtration of water for the city of Washington, D. C. But first, the article in question goes on to say that the filtration of water for the city costs \$40 per day, the plant involving an expenditure of \$2,500,000. The filtration plant is one of the largest and finest in the world. It is of the English or slow-sand type. The American or mechanical system of filtration, which is considerably cheaper, was originally favored during the early discussion of plans, but owing to strong objection and protests against the use of a coagulant to precipitate the suspended matter, congress passed an act specifying the English system.

The city of Washington is notoriously the most unhealthy city in the United States; its death rate being 23.00 per 1,000, while the average for cities of its size is only 17 per 1,000, the principal cause for this high death rate being typhoid fever, and the expenditure of this enormous amount of money is calculated to reduce this rate to reasonable limits. I think, with the example of the above named city before us, there should be little or no difficulty in coming to the same decision as that arrived at by the U. S. congress, namely, "No coagulants," but pure water at any cost.

WILLIAM DEE.

Victoria, B. C., Oct. 24th, 1906.

A RESIDENT OF VANCOUVER ISLAND DOUBLES HIS MONEY.

R. L. Drury, Victoria, B. C.:—

Dear Sir:—I am in receipt of your letter enclosing cheque for \$101.35 in settlement of my endorsement policy in the Mutual Life of Canada. I take pleasure in expressing my satisfaction with the company's dealings with me and the good return I have received on my investment. The dividends on my policy were applied to reduce the premiums each year, with the result that I have paid very moderate rates for the protection afforded by the policy. For the last twenty years of the period the average annual cost for carrying the policy has been only \$4.50 per year, being cheaper than any assessment society could have done at my age, and, in addition, I now receive in cash \$1,013.35 for a total payment of \$26,15, being a return of nearly two dollars for every dollar paid the company. I can heartily recommend the Mutual Life of Canada to all intending insurers.

Yours truly,

W. J. TAGGART, Cobble Hill, B. C.

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